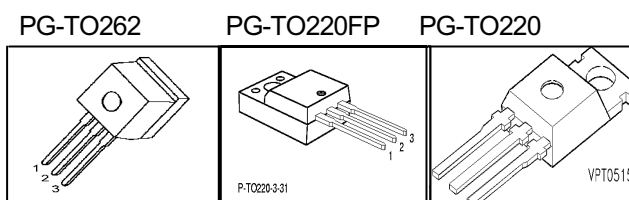


Cool MOS™ Power Transistor

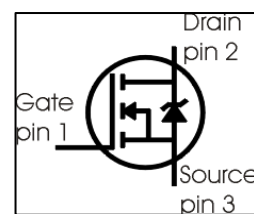
Feature

- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Ultra low gate charge
- Periodic avalanche rated
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Improved transconductance
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC⁰⁾ for target applications

V_{DS}	650	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	0.38	Ω
I_D	11	A



Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
SPP11N65C3	PG-TO220	Q67040-S4557	11N65C3
SPA11N65C3	PG-TO220FP	SP000216318	11N65C3
SPI11N65C3	PG-TO262	Q67040-S4561	11N65C3



Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		SPP_I	SPA	
Continuous drain current $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_D	11 7	11 ¹⁾ 7 ¹⁾	A
Pulsed drain current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	$I_{D\text{ puls}}$	33	33	A
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_D=2.5\text{A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$	E_{AS}	340	340	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax} ²⁾ $I_D=4\text{A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$	E_{AR}	0.6	0.6	
Avalanche current, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax}	I_{AR}	4	4	A
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Gate source voltage AC ($f > 1\text{Hz}$)	V_{GS}	± 30	± 30	
Power dissipation, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	125	33	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150		$^\circ\text{C}$

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain Source voltage slope $V_{DS} = 480 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 11 \text{ A}$, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	dv/dt	50	V/ns

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	1	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - case, FullPAK	$R_{thJC \text{ FP}}$	-	-	3.8	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leaded	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, FullPAK	$R_{thJA \text{ FP}}$	-	-	80	
SMD version, device on PCB: @ min. footprint @ 6 cm ² cooling area ³⁾	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	
		-	35	-	
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=0.25\text{mA}$	650	-	-	V
Drain-Source avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=4\text{A}$	-	730	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$I_D=500\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=V_{DS}$	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.1	1	μA
			-	-	100	
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=20\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=7\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.34	0.38	Ω
			-	0.92	-	
Gate input resistance	R_G	$f=1\text{MHz}$, open drain	-	0.86	-	

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} \geq 2 \cdot I_D \cdot R_{DS(on)max}$, $I_D = 7A$	-	8.3	-	S
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 25V$, $f = 1MHz$	-	1200	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	390	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	30	-	
Effective output capacitance, ⁴⁾ energy related	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 0V$ to 480V	-	45	-	
Effective output capacitance, ⁵⁾ time related	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	85	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 380V$, $V_{GS} = 0/10V$, $I_D = 11A$, $R_G = 6.8\Omega$	-	10	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	5	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	44	70	
Fall time	t_f		-	5	9	

Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD} = 480V$, $I_D = 11A$	-	5.5	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	22	-	
Gate charge total	Q_g	$V_{DD} = 480V$, $I_D = 11A$, $V_{GS} = 0$ to 10V	-	45	60	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{(plateau)}$	$V_{DD} = 480V$, $I_D = 11A$	-	5.5	-	V

⁰J-STD20 and JESD22

¹Limited only by maximum temperature

²Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as $P_{AV} = E_{AR} \cdot f$.

³Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70 µm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

⁴ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

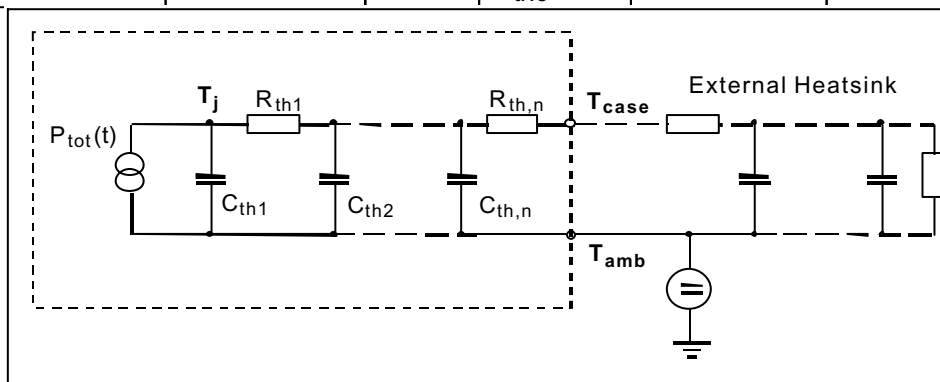
⁵ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Inverse diode continuous forward current	I_S	$T_C=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	11	A
Inverse diode direct current, pulsed	I_{SM}		-	-	33	
Inverse diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_F=I_S$	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R=480\text{V}$, $I_F=I_S$,	-	400	600	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	$di_F/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	6	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	41	-	A
Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	di_{rr}/dt	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	1200	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

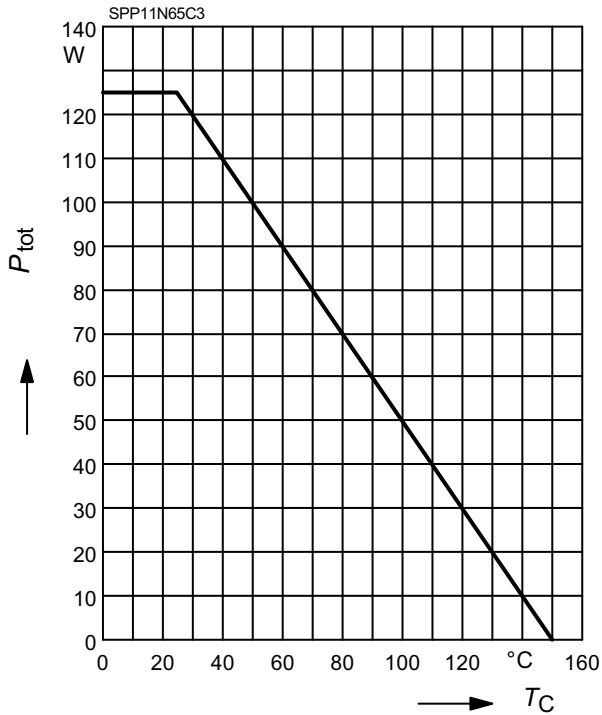
Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Value		Unit	Symbol	Value		Unit
	SPP_I	SPA			SPP_I	SPA	
R_{th1}	0.015	0.15	K/W	C_{th1}	0.0001878	0.0001878	Ws/K
R_{th2}	0.03	0.03		C_{th2}	0.0007106	0.0007106	
R_{th3}	0.056	0.056		C_{th3}	0.000988	0.000988	
R_{th4}	0.197	0.194		C_{th4}	0.002791	0.002791	
R_{th5}	0.216	0.413		C_{th5}	0.007285	0.007401	
R_{th6}	0.083	2.522		C_{th6}	0.063	0.412	



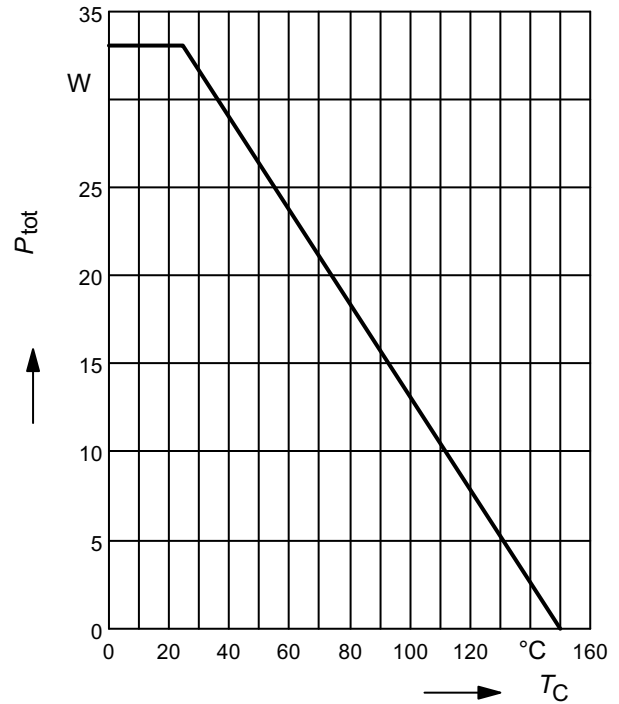
1 Power dissipation

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



2 Power dissipation FullPAK

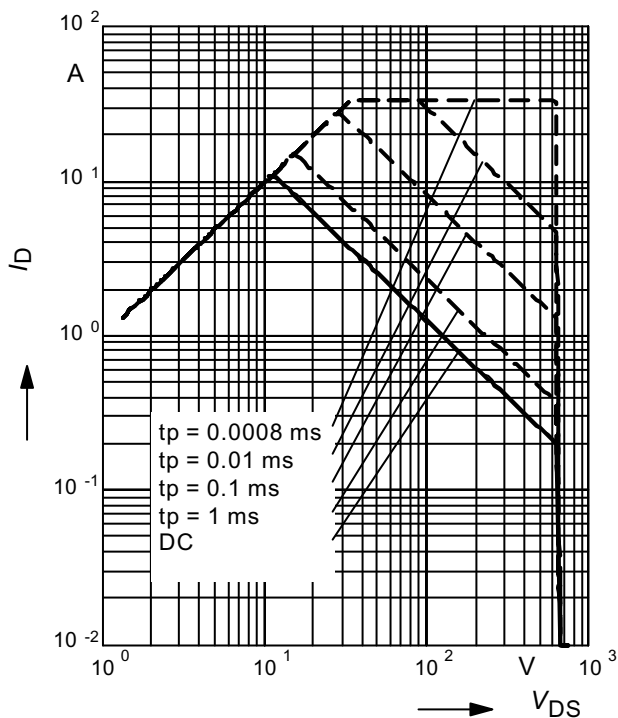
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



3 Safe operating area

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

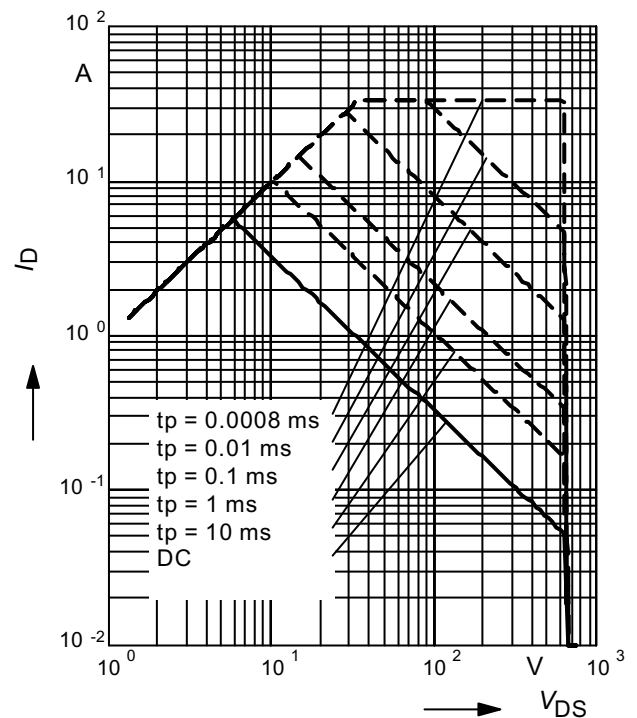
parameter: $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



4 Safe operating area FullPAK

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

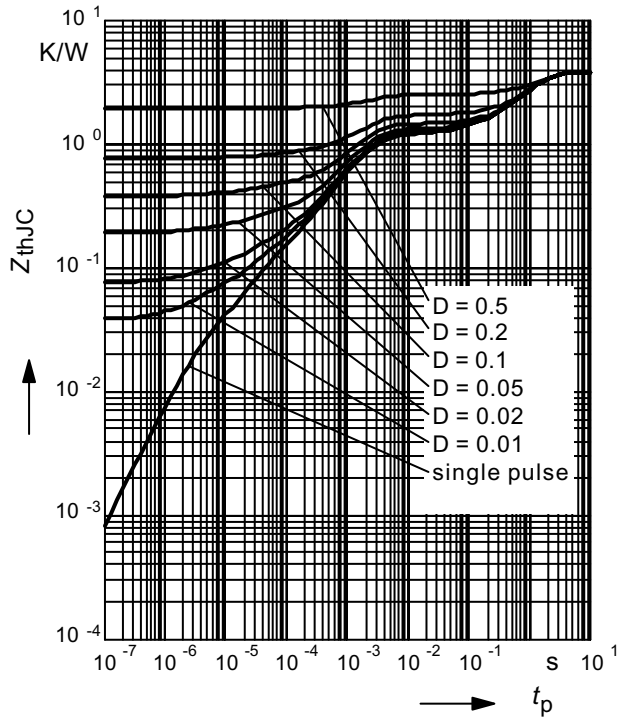
parameter: $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



5 Transient thermal impedance FullPAK

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

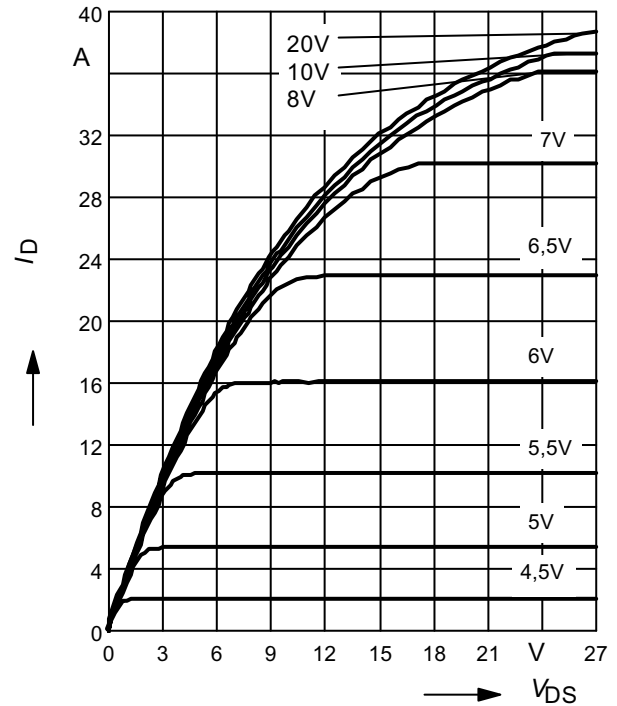
parameter: $D = t_p/t$



6 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

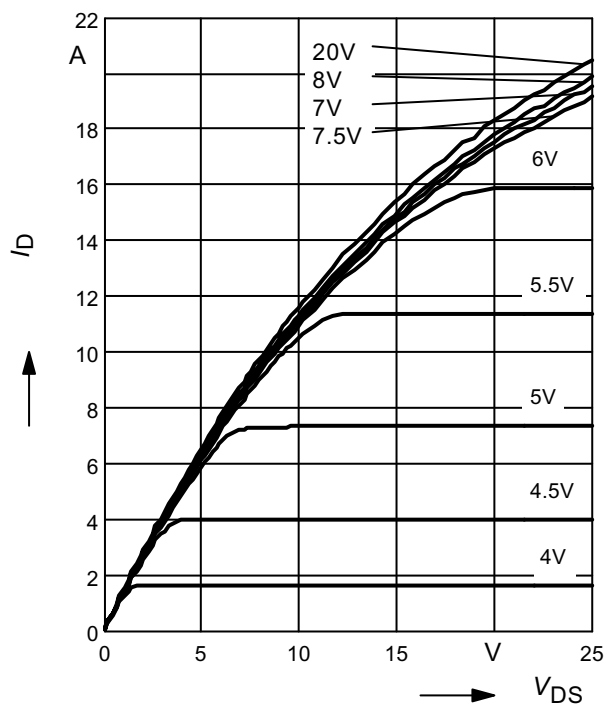
parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$, V_{GS}



7 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

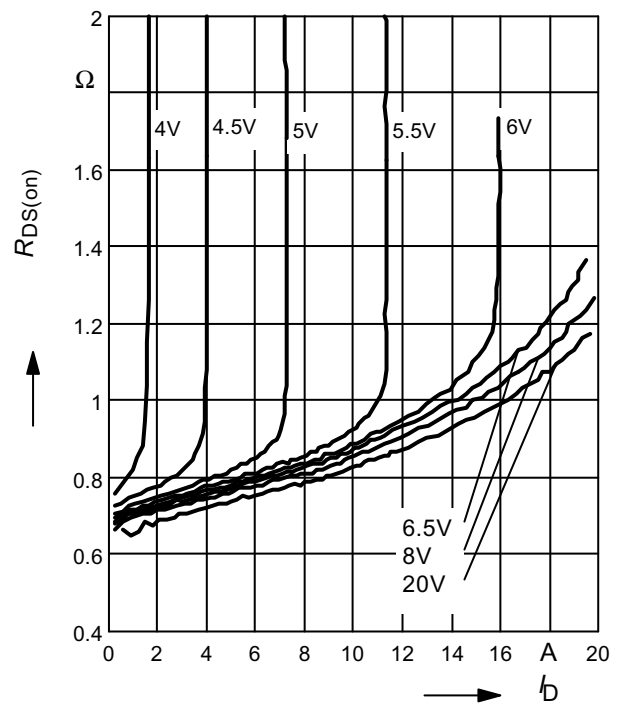
parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$, V_{GS}



8 Typ. drain-source on resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$$

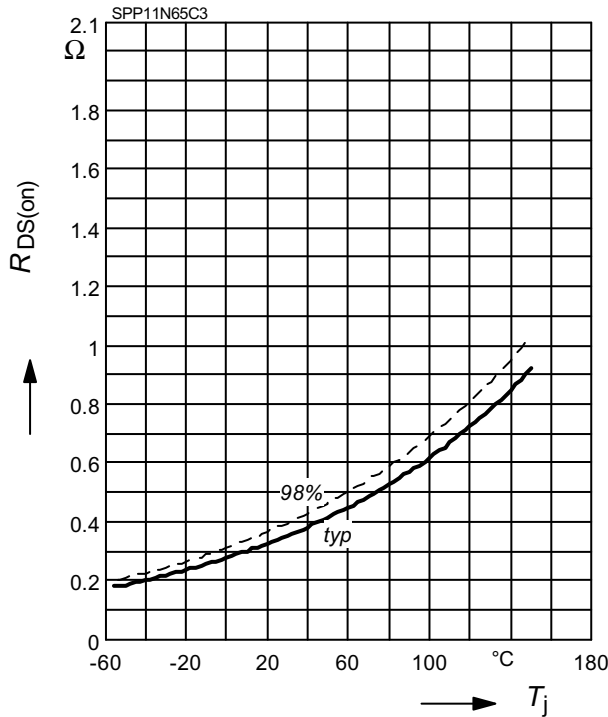
parameter: $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, V_{GS}



9 Drain-source on-state resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

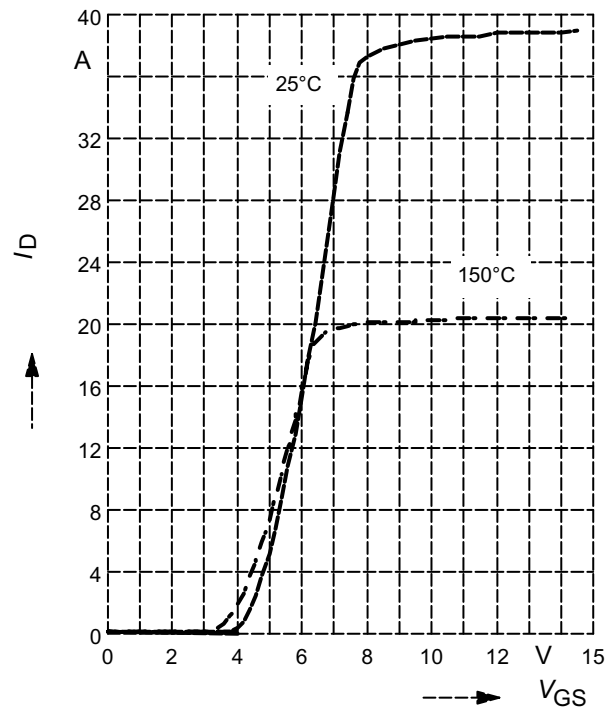
parameter: $I_D = 7\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$



10 Typ. transfer characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{GS}); V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)max}$$

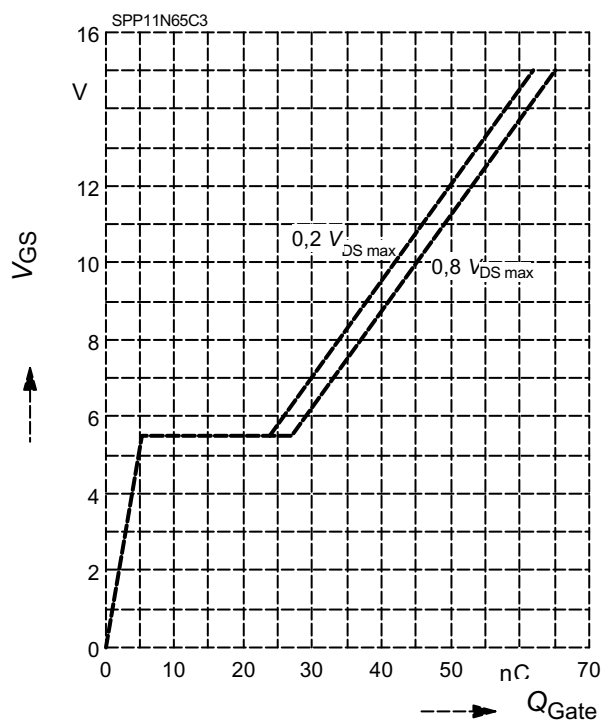
parameter: $t_p = 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



11 Typ. gate charge

$$V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$$

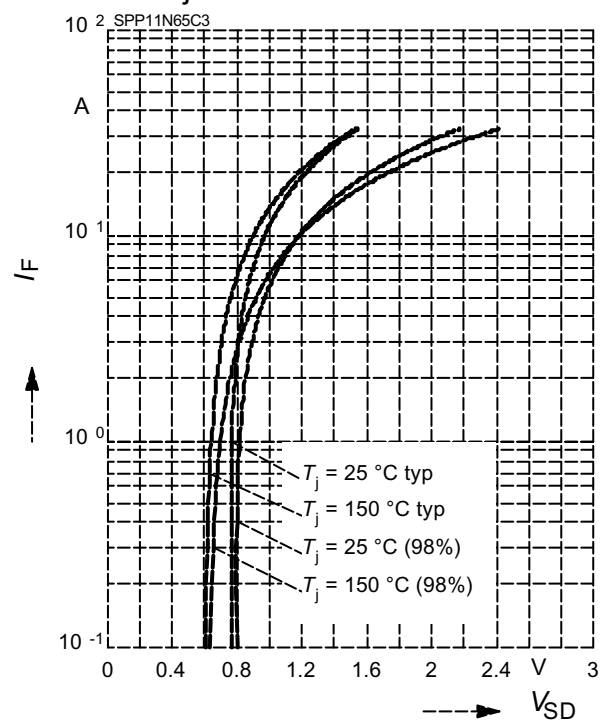
parameter: $I_D = 11\text{ A}$ pulsed



12 Forward characteristics of body diode

$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

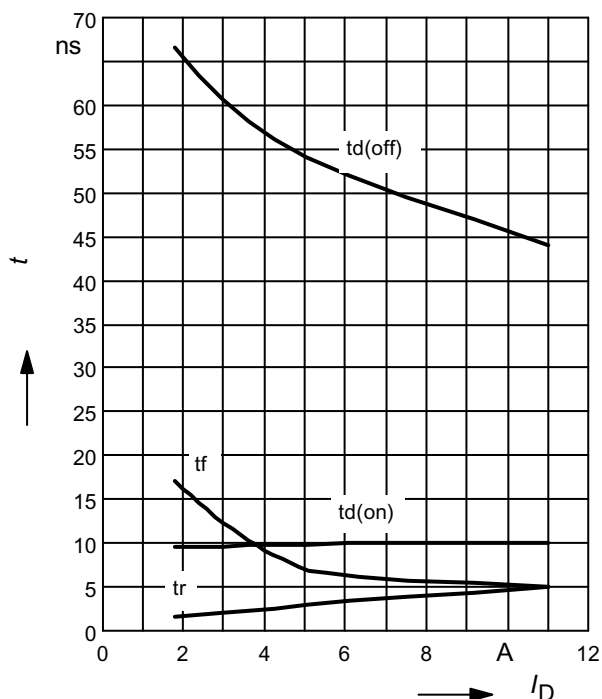
parameter: T_j , $t_p = 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



13 Typ. switching time

$t = f(I_D)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

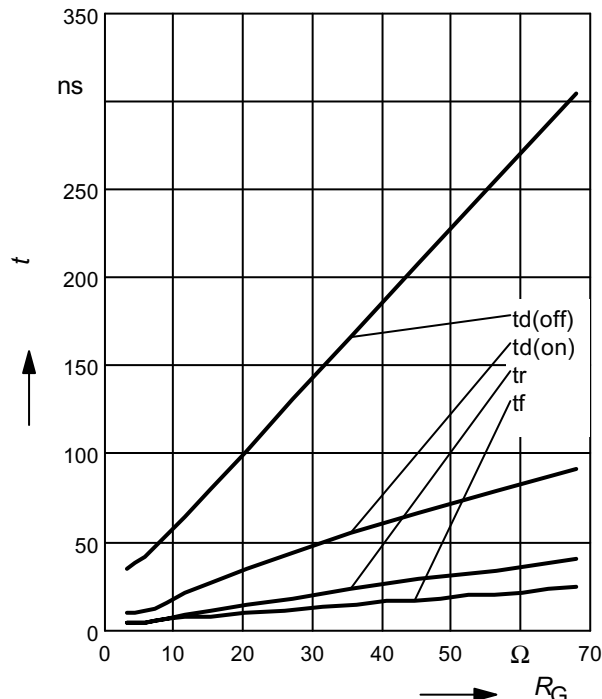
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $R_G = 6.8\Omega$



14 Typ. switching time

$t = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

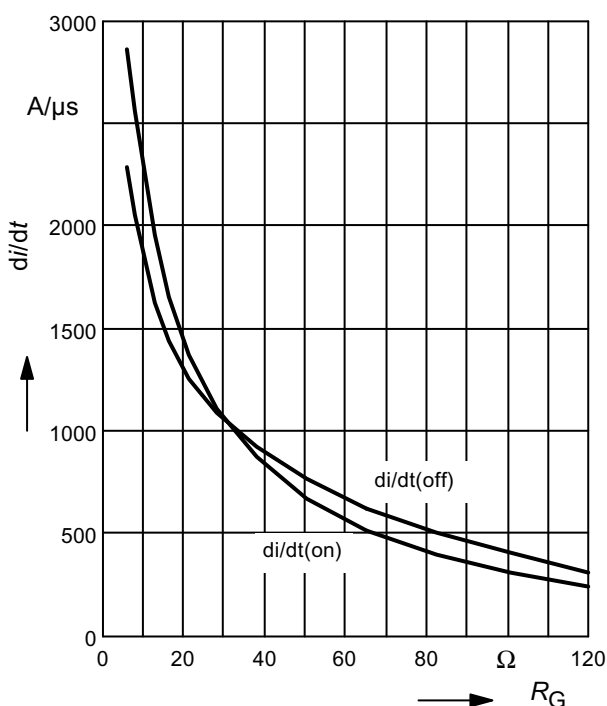
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $I_D = 11\text{ A}$



15 Typ. drain current slope

$di/dt = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

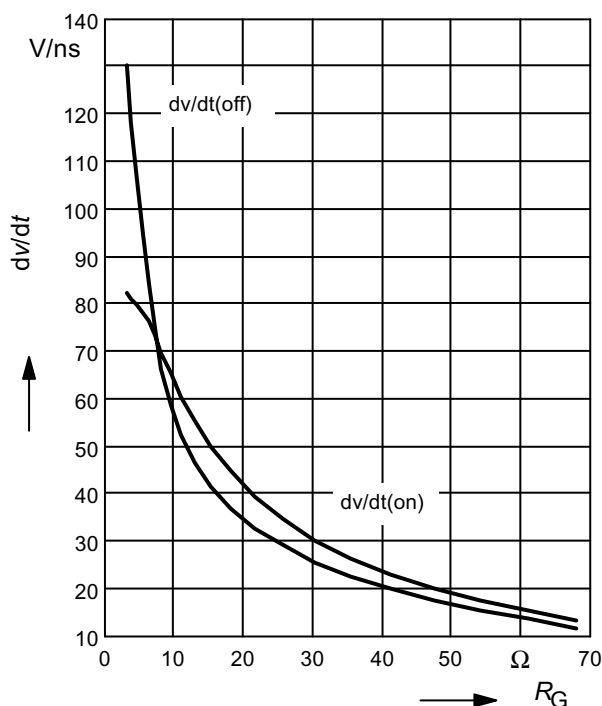
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $I_D = 11\text{A}$



16 Typ. drain source voltage slope

$dv/dt = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

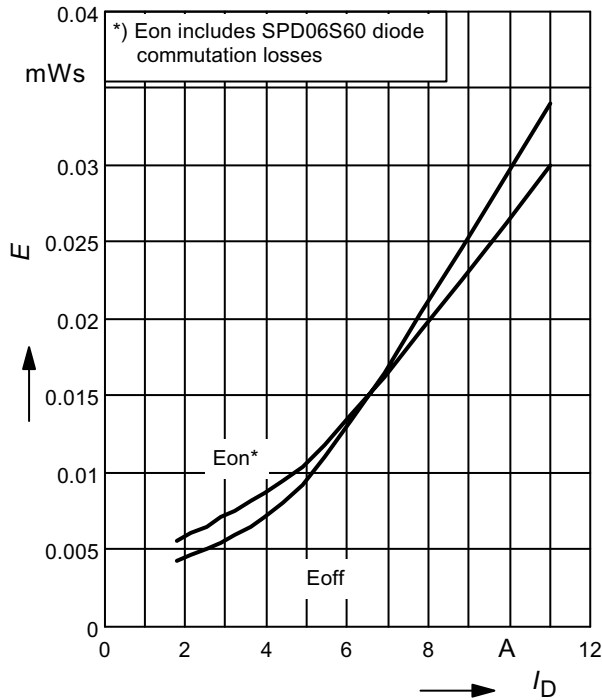
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $I_D = 11\text{A}$



17 Typ. switching losses

$E = f(I_D)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

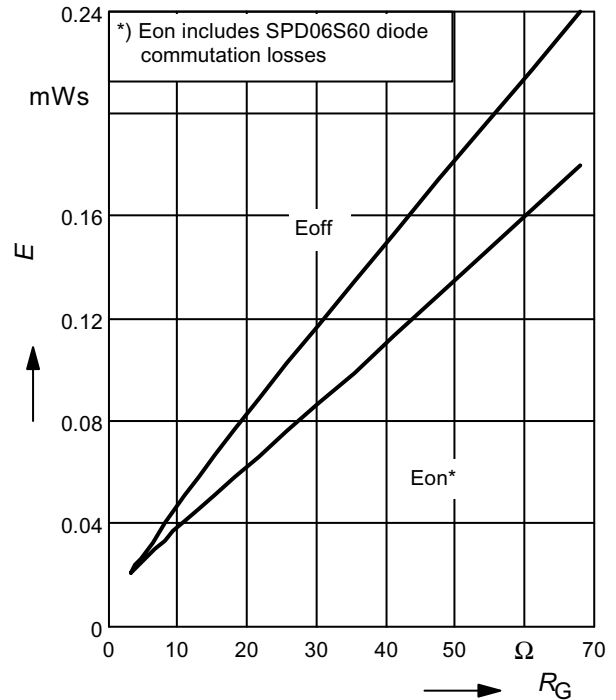
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $R_G = 6.8\Omega$



18 Typ. switching losses

$E = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

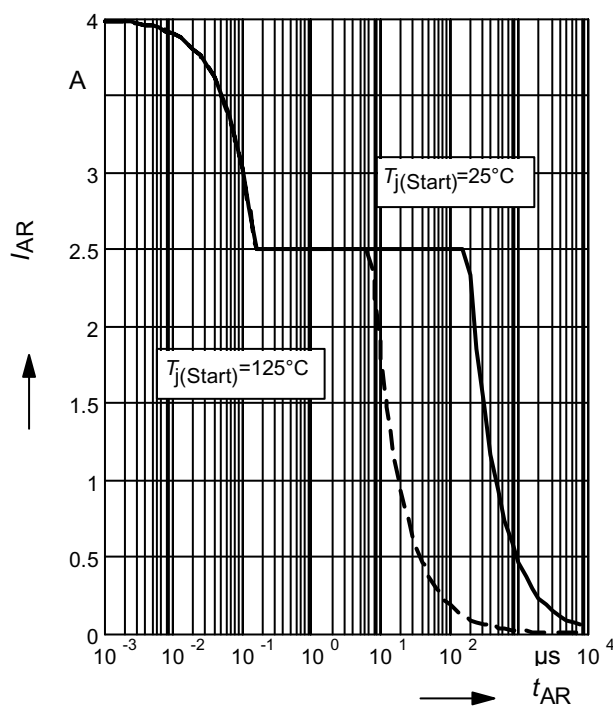
par.: $V_{DS} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13\text{V}$, $I_D = 11\text{A}$



19 Avalanche SOA

$I_{AR} = f(t_{AR})$

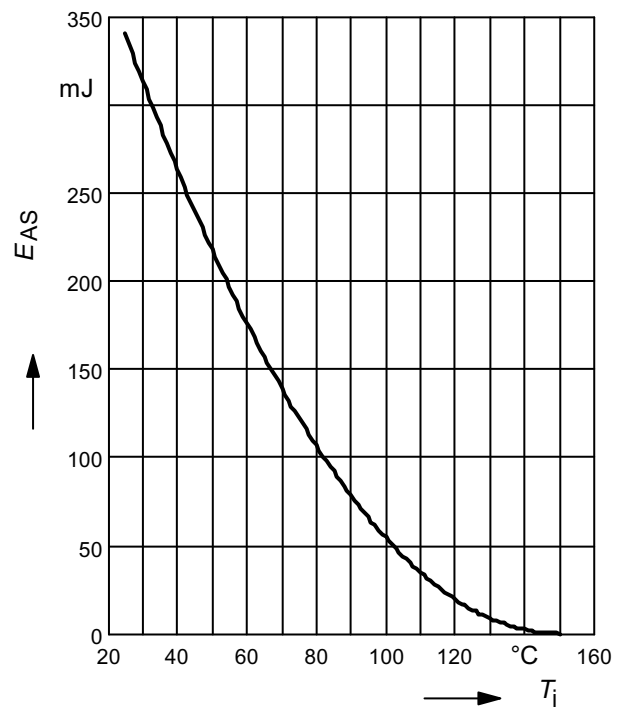
par.: $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$



20 Avalanche energy

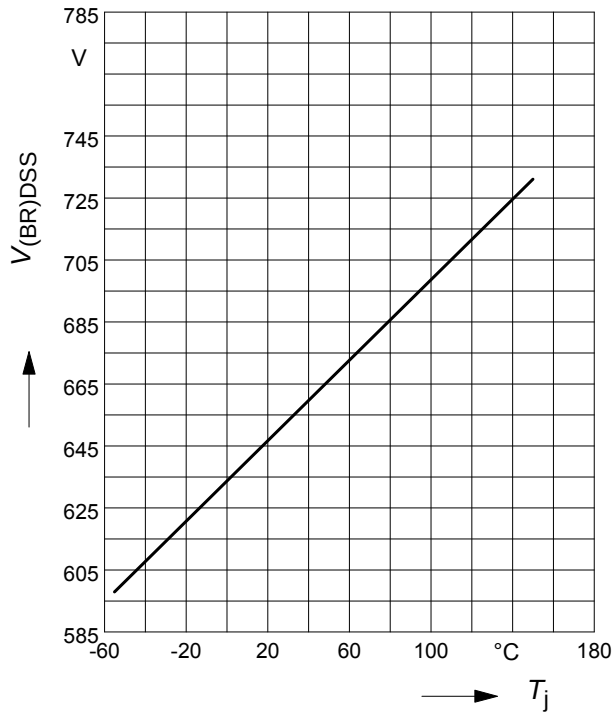
$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$

par.: $I_D = 2.5\text{A}$, $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$



21 Drain-source breakdown voltage

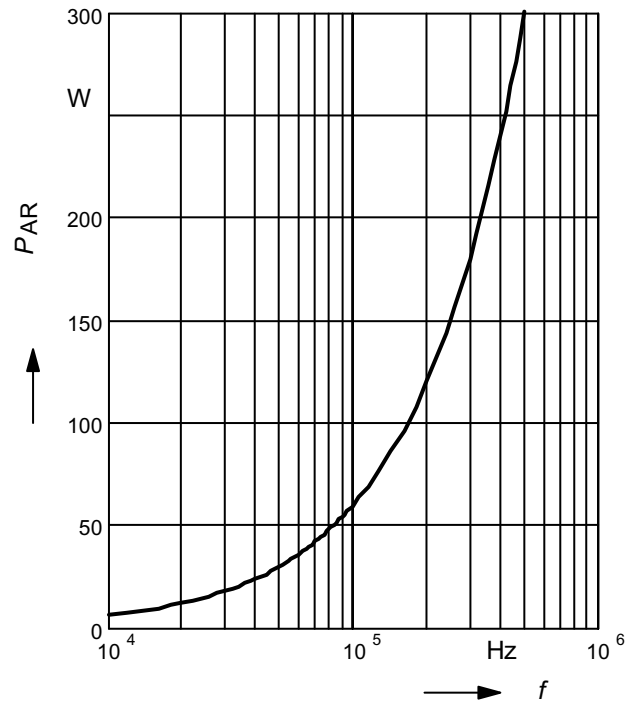
$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$$



22 Avalanche power losses

$$P_{AR} = f(f)$$

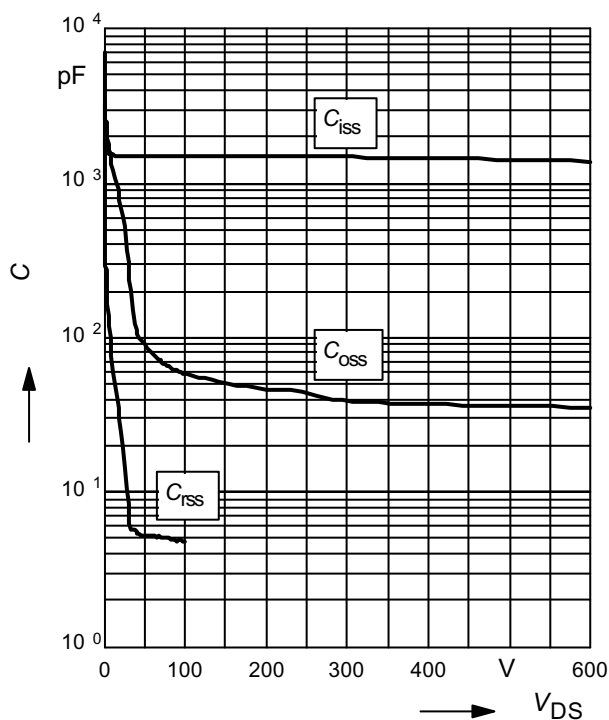
parameter: $E_{AR}=0.6\text{mJ}$



23 Typ. capacitances

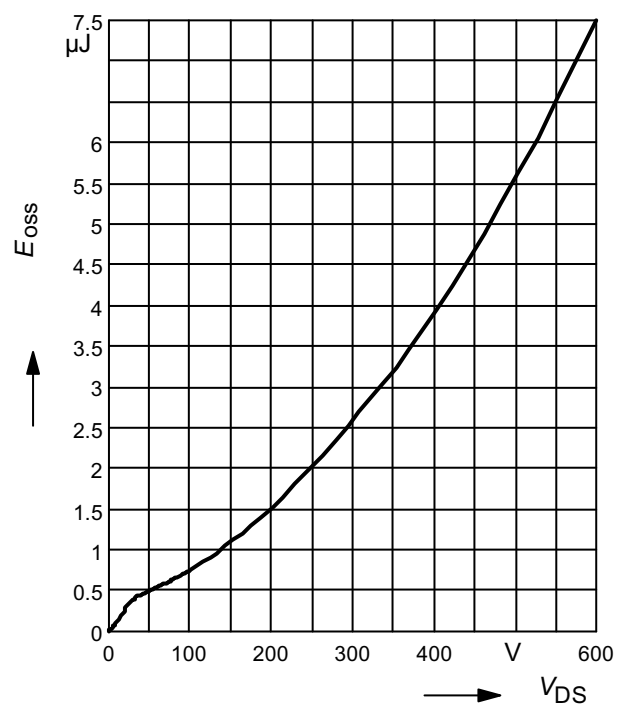
$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

parameter: $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{ MHz}$

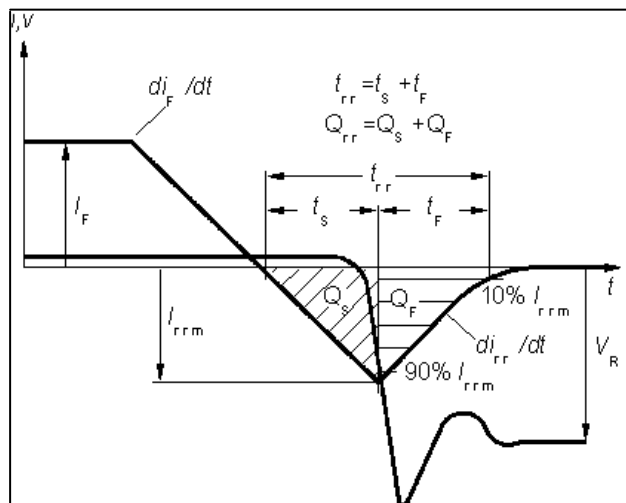


24 Typ. C_{oss} stored energy

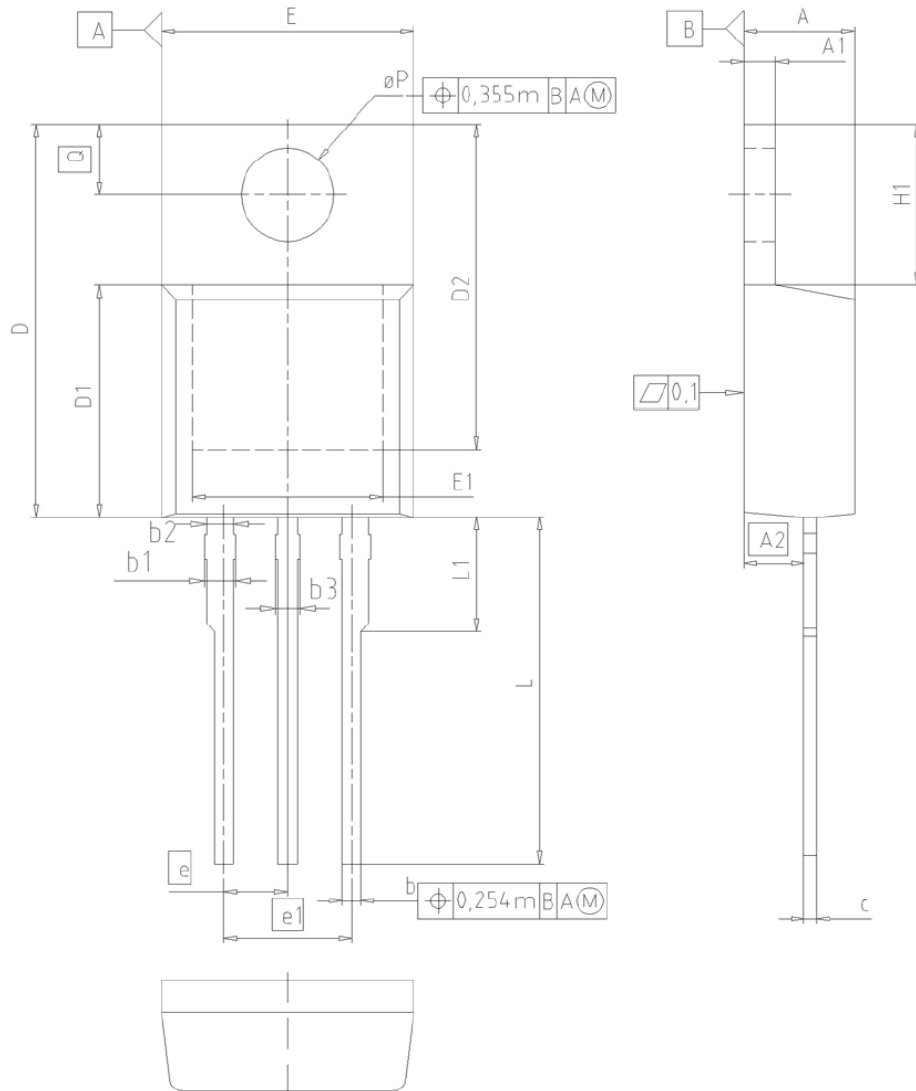
$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$



Definition of diodes switching characteristics



PG-TO220-3-1, PG-TO220-3-21



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.30	4.57	0.169	0.180
A1	1.17	1.40	0.046	0.055
A2	2.15	2.72	0.085	0.107
b	0.65	0.86	0.026	0.034
b1	0.95	1.40	0.037	0.055
b2	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045
b3	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045
c	0.33	0.60	0.013	0.024
D	14.81	15.95	0.583	0.628
D1	8.51	9.45	0.335	0.372
D2	12.19	13.10	0.480	0.516
E	9.70	10.36	0.382	0.408
E1	6.50	8.60	0.256	0.339
e	2.54		0.100	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H1	5.90	6.90	0.232	0.272
L	13.00	14.00	0.512	0.551
L1	-	4.80	-	0.189
øP	3.60	3.89	0.142	0.153
Q	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118

DOCUMENT NO. Z8B00003318	
SCALE 0 2.5 5mm	
EUROPEAN PROJECTION	
	
ISSUE DATE 23-08-2007	
REVISION 05	

Technical drawing of a mechanical part, showing front, side, and detail views with dimensions and tolerances.

Front View:

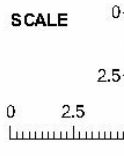
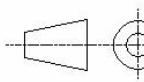
- Overall width: E
- Overall height: D
- Top flange thickness: a
- Internal cavity height: $D1$
- Overall height including base: H
- Base height: $L1$
- Base width: b
- Base thickness: e
- Internal cavity width: $e1$
- Internal cavity depth: $b1, b2, b3, b4$
- Top flange hole diameter: $\varnothing P$
- Top flange hole tolerance: $\varnothing 0.355(M) B A(M)$

Side View:

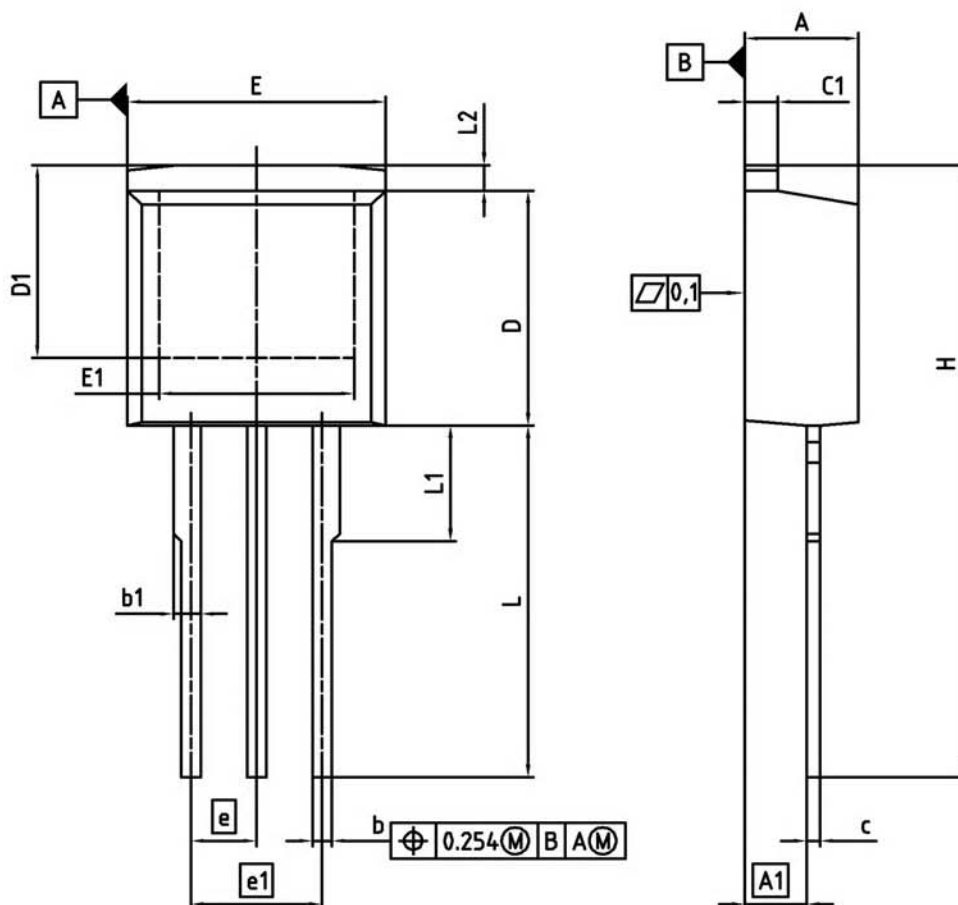
- Overall width: A
- Top flange thickness: $A1$
- Internal cavity width: $A2$

Detail View:

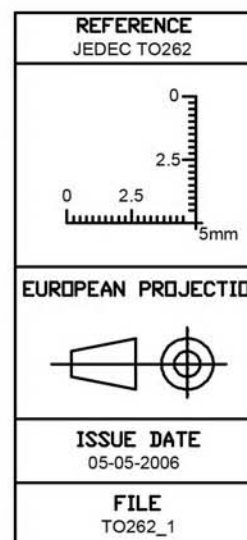
- Overall width: b
- Base thickness: e
- Internal cavity width: $e1$
- Internal cavity depth: $b1, b2, b3, b4$
- Top flange hole diameter: $\varnothing 0.381(M) B A(M)$

REFERENCE ...
SCALE  0 2.5 5mm
EUROPEAN PROJECTION 
ISSUE DATE 08-01-2007
FILE T0220_2

PG-TO262-3-1, PG-TO262-3-21 (I²-PAK)



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.300	4.572	0.169	0.180
A1	2.150	2.718	0.085	0.107
b	0.650	0.864	0.026	0.034
b1	0.635	1.400	0.025	0.055
c	0.330	0.600	0.013	0.024
c1	1.170	1.400	0.046	0.055
D	8.509	9.450	0.335	0.372
D1	6.900	-	0.272	-
E	9.700	10.363	0.382	0.408
E1	6.500	8.600	0.256	0.339
e	2.540		0.100	
e1	5.080		0.200	
N	3		3	
L	13.000	14.000	0.512	0.551
L1	-	4.800	-	0.189
L2	-	1.727	-	0.068



Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 Munich, Germany
© 2007 Infineon Technologies AG
All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office. Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.