



74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45

Dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

Rev. 14 — 30 April 2024

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 are dual bit, dual supply translating transceivers with 3-state outputs that enable bidirectional level translation. They feature two 2-bits input-output ports (nA and nB), a direction control input (DIR) and dual supply pins ($V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$). Both $V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$ can be supplied at any voltage between 1.2 V and 5.5 V making the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 5.0 V). Pins nA and DIR are referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ and pins nB are referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$. A HIGH on DIR allows transmission from nA to nB and a LOW on DIR allows transmission from nB to nA.

The devices are fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF} . The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing any damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down. In suspend mode when either $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ are at GND level, both A port and B port are in the high-impedance OFF-state.

Active bus hold circuitry in the 74LVCH2T45 holds unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range:
 - $V_{CC(A)}$: 1.2 V to 5.5 V
 - $V_{CC(B)}$: 1.2 V to 5.5 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
 - JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
 - JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
 - JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
 - JESD36 (4.5 V to 5.5 V)
- Maximum data rates:
 - 420 Mbps (3.3 V to 5.0 V translation)
 - 210 Mbps (translate to 3.3 V)
 - 140 Mbps (translate to 2.5 V)
 - 75 Mbps (translate to 1.8 V)
 - 60 Mbps (translate to 1.5 V)
- Suspend mode
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- ± 24 mA output drive ($V_{CC} = 3.0$ V)
- Inputs accept voltages up to 5.5 V
- Low power consumption: 16 μ A maximum I_{CC}
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- ESD protection:
 - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 class 3A exceeds 4000 V
 - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 class C3 exceeds 1000 V
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LVC2T45DC 74LVCH2T45DC	-40 °C to +125 °C	VSSOP8	plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm	SOT765-1
74LVC2T45GT 74LVCH2T45GT	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 × 1.95 × 0.5 mm	SOT833-1
74LVC2T45GF	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 × 1 × 0.5 mm	SOT1089
74LVC2T45GN 74LVCH2T45GN	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.2 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1116
74LVC2T45GS 74LVCH2T45GS	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1203

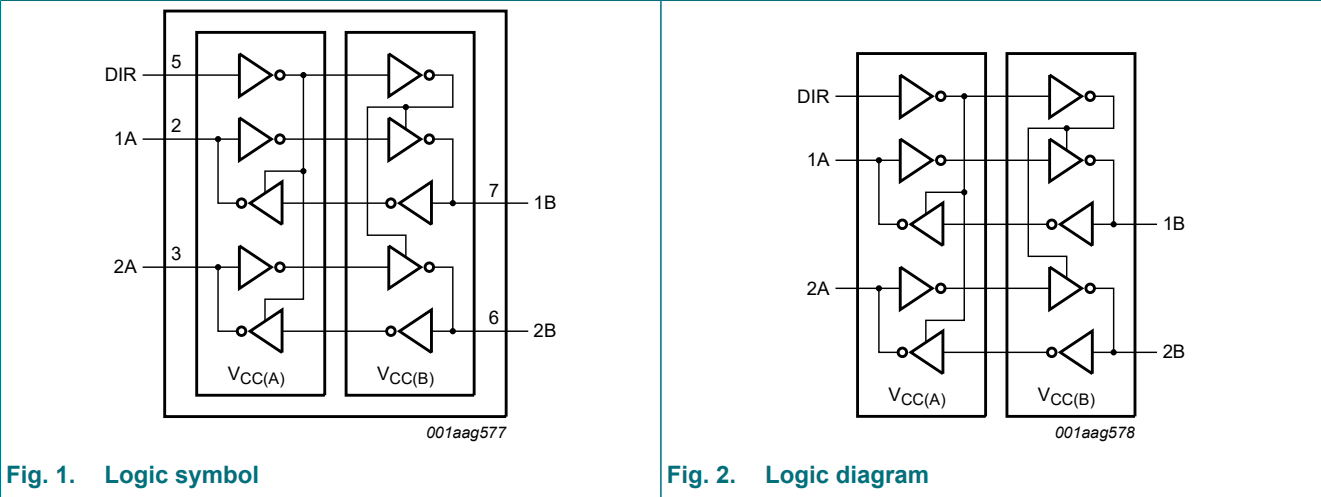
4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code [1]
74LVC2T45DC	V45
74LVCH2T45DC	X45
74LVC2T45GT	V45
74LVCH2T45GT	X45
74LVC2T45GF	V5
74LVC2T45GN	V5
74LVCH2T45GN	X5
74LVC2T45GS	V5
74LVCH2T45GS	X5

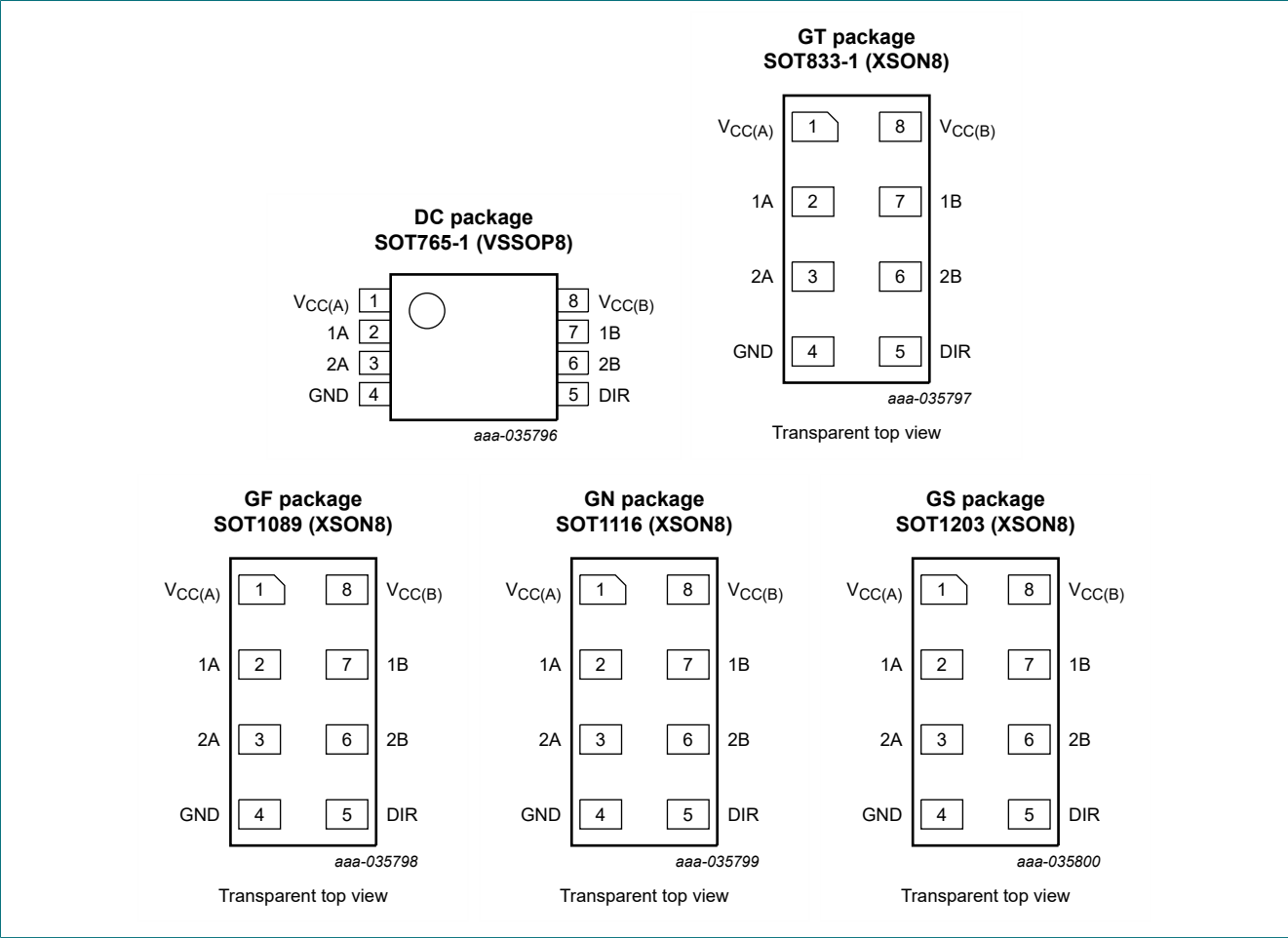
[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

5. Functional diagram



6. Pinning information

6.1. Pinning



6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
V _{CC} (A)	1	supply voltage A (port A and DIR)
1A	2	data input or output
2A	3	data input or output
GND	4	ground (0 V)
DIR	5	direction control
2B	6	data input or output
1B	7	data input or output
V _{CC} (B)	8	supply voltage B (port B)

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Supply voltage	Input	Input/output [1]	
V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)}	DIR	nA	nB
1.2 V to 5.5 V	L	nA = nB	input
1.2 V to 5.5 V	H	input	nB = nA
GND [2]	X	Z	Z

- [1] The input circuit of the data I/O is always active.
[2] When either V_{CC(A)} or V_{CC(B)} is at GND level, the device goes into suspend mode.

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A		-0.5	+6.5	V
V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B		-0.5	+6.5	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	V _I < 0 V	-50	-	mA
V _I	input voltage	[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
I _{OK}	output clamping current	V _O < 0 V	-50	-	mA
V _O	output voltage	Active mode [1][2][3]	-0.5	V _{CCO} + 0.5	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode [1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
I _O	output current	V _O = 0 V to V _{CCO} [2]	-	±50	mA
I _{CC}	supply current	I _{CC(A)} or I _{CC(B)}	-	100	mA
I _{GND}	ground current		-100	-	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C [4]	-	250	mW

- [1] The minimum input voltage ratings and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.
[3] V_{CCO} + 0.5 V should not exceed 6.5 V.
[4] For SOT765-1 (VSSOP8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.9 mW/K above 99 °C.
For SOT833-1 (XSON8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 3.1 mW/K above 68 °C.
For SOT1089 (XSON8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K above 88 °C.
For SOT1116 (XSON8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.2 mW/K above 90 °C.
For SOT1203 (XSON8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 3.6 mW/K above 81 °C.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A		1.2	5.5	V
V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B		1.2	5.5	V
V _I	input voltage		0	5.5	V
V _O	output voltage	Active mode [1]	0	V _{CCO}	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	0	5.5	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V _{CCI} = 1.2 V [2]	-	20	ns/V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	20	ns/V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	20	ns/V
		V _{CCI} = 3 V to 3.6 V	-	10	ns/V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	5	ns/V

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.
[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Typical static characteristics at T_{amb} = 25 °C

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; I _O = -3 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V [1]	-	1.09	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; I _O = 3 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V [1]	-	0.07	-	V
I _I	input leakage current	DIR input; V _I = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V [2]	-	-	±1	μA
I _{BHL}	bus hold LOW current	A or B port; V _I = 0.42 V; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V [2]	-	19	-	μA
I _{BHH}	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port; V _I = 0.78 V; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V [2]	-	-19	-	μA
I _{BHLO}	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V [2][3]	-	19	-	μA
I _{BHHO}	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V [2][3]	-	-19	-	μA
I _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; V _O = 0 V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V [1]	-	-	±1	μA
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	-	±1	μA
		B port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	-	±1	μA
C _I	input capacitance	DIR input; V _I = 0 V or 3.3 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.3 V	-	2.2	-	pF
C _{I/O}	input/output capacitance	A and B port; suspend mode; V _O = 3.3 V or 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.3 V	-	6.0	-	pF

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.
[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.
[3] To guarantee the node switches, an external driver must source/sink at least I_{BHLO}/I_{BHHO} when the input is in the range V_{IL} to V_{IH}.

Table 8. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	data input [1]					
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	0.8V _{CCI}	-	0.8V _{CCI}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	0.65V _{CCI}	-	0.65V _{CCI}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	1.7	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V _{CCI}	-	0.7V _{CCI}	-	V
		DIR input					
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	0.8V _{CC(A)}	-	0.8V _{CC(A)}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	0.65V _{CC(A)}	-	0.65V _{CC(A)}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	1.7	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V _{CC(A)}	-	0.7V _{CC(A)}	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	data input [1]					
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	-	0.2V _{CCI}	-	0.2V _{CCI}	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V _{CCI}	-	0.35V _{CCI}	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	0.3V _{CCI}	-	0.3V _{CCI}	V
		DIR input					
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	-	0.2V _{CC(A)}	-	0.2V _{CC(A)}	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V _{CC(A)}	-	0.35V _{CC(A)}	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	0.3V _{CC(A)}	-	0.3V _{CC(A)}	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH}					
		I _O = -100 µA; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 4.5 V [2]	V _{CCO} - 0.1	-	V _{CCO} - 0.1	-	V
		I _O = -6 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.4 V	1.0	-	1.0	-	V
		I _O = -8 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.65 V	1.2	-	1.2	-	V
		I _O = -12 mA; V _{CCO} = 2.3 V	1.9	-	1.9	-	V
		I _O = -24 mA; V _{CCO} = 3.0 V	2.4	-	2.4	-	V
		I _O = -32 mA; V _{CCO} = 4.5 V	3.8	-	3.8	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} [2]					
		I _O = 100 µA; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 4.5 V	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		I _O = 6 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.4 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I _O = 8 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.65 V	-	0.45	-	0.45	V
		I _O = 12 mA; V _{CCO} = 2.3 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I _O = 24 mA; V _{CCO} = 3.0 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
		I _O = 32 mA; V _{CCO} = 4.5 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I _I	input leakage current	DIR input; V _I = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	µA
I _{BHL}	bus hold LOW current	A or B port [1]					
		V _I = 0.49 V; V _{CCI} = 1.4 V	15	-	10	-	µA
		V _I = 0.58 V; V _{CCI} = 1.65 V	25	-	20	-	µA
		V _I = 0.70 V; V _{CCI} = 2.3 V	45	-	45	-	µA
		V _I = 0.80 V; V _{CCI} = 3.0 V	100	-	80	-	µA
		V _I = 1.35 V; V _{CCI} = 4.5 V	100	-	100	-	µA
I _{BHH}	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port [1]					
		V _I = 0.91 V; V _{CCI} = 1.4 V	-15	-	-10	-	µA
		V _I = 1.07 V; V _{CCI} = 1.65 V	-25	-	-20	-	µA
		V _I = 1.60 V; V _{CCI} = 2.3 V	-45	-	-45	-	µA
		V _I = 2.00 V; V _{CCI} = 3.0 V	-100	-	-80	-	µA
		V _I = 3.15 V; V _{CCI} = 4.5 V	-100	-	-100	-	µA
I _{BHLO}	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port [1][3]					
		V _{CCI} = 1.6 V	125	-	125	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 1.95 V	200	-	200	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 2.7 V	300	-	300	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 3.6 V	500	-	500	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 5.5 V	900	-	900	-	µA
I _{BHHO}	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port [1][3]					
		V _{CCI} = 1.6 V	-125	-	-125	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 1.95 V	-200	-	-200	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 2.7 V	-300	-	-300	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 3.6 V	-500	-	-500	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 5.5 V	-900	-	-900	-	µA
I _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; V _O = 0 V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V [2]	-	±2	-	±10	µA
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	µA
		B port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	µA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I _{CC}	supply current	A port; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI} ; I _O = 0 A [1]					
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	8	-	8	µA
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	3	-	3	µA
		V _{CC(A)} = 5.5 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V	-	2	-	2	µA
		V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V	-2	-	-2	-	µA
		B port; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI} ; I _O = 0 A					
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	8	-	8	µA
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	3	-	3	µA
		V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 5.5 V	-2	-	-2	-	µA
		V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V	-	2	-	2	µA
		A plus B port (I _{CC(A)} + I _{CC(B)}); I _O = 0 A; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI}					
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	16	-	16	µA
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	4	-	4	µA
ΔI _{CC}	additional supply current	per input; V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 3.0 V to 5.5 V					
		A port; A port at V _{CC(A)} - 0.6 V; DIR at V _{CC(A)} ; B port = open [4]	-	50	-	75	µA
		DIR input; DIR at V _{CC(A)} - 0.6 V; A port at V _{CC(A)} or GND; B port = open	-	50	-	75	µA
		B port; B port at V _{CC(B)} - 0.6 V; DIR at GND; A port = open [4]	-	50	-	75	µA

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.
[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.
[3] To guarantee the node switches, an external driver must source/sink at least I_{BHLO}/I_{BHHO} when the input is in the range V_{IL} to V_{IH}.
[4] For non bus hold parts only (74LVC2T45).

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 5; for waveforms see Fig. 3 and Fig. 4.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$						Unit
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
t_{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	10.6	8.1	7.0	5.8	5.3	5.1	ns
		B to A	10.6	9.5	9.0	8.5	8.3	8.2	ns
t_{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	10.1	7.1	6.0	5.3	5.2	5.4	ns
		B to A	10.1	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.6	ns
t_{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	ns
		DIR to B	12.0	9.4	9.0	7.8	8.4	7.9	ns
t_{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	ns
		DIR to B	9.5	7.8	7.7	6.9	7.6	7.0	ns
t_{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	20.1	17.3	16.7	15.4	15.9	15.2	ns
		DIR to B [1]	17.7	15.2	14.1	12.9	12.4	12.2	ns
t_{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	22.1	18.0	17.1	15.6	16.0	15.5	ns
		DIR to B [1]	19.5	16.5	15.4	14.7	14.6	14.8	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in Section 13.4.

Table 10. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 5; for waveforms see Fig. 3 and Fig. 4.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$						Unit
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
t_{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	10.6	9.5	9.0	8.5	8.3	8.2	ns
		B to A	10.6	8.1	7.0	5.8	5.3	5.1	ns
t_{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	10.1	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.6	ns
		B to A	10.1	7.1	6.0	5.3	5.2	5.4	ns
t_{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	9.4	6.5	5.7	4.1	4.1	3.0	ns
		DIR to B	12.0	6.1	5.4	4.6	4.3	4.0	ns
t_{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	7.1	4.9	4.5	3.2	3.4	2.5	ns
		DIR to B	9.5	7.3	6.6	5.9	5.7	5.6	ns
t_{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	20.1	15.4	13.6	11.7	11.0	10.7	ns
		DIR to B [1]	17.7	14.4	13.5	11.7	11.7	10.7	ns
t_{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	22.1	13.2	11.4	9.9	9.5	9.4	ns
		DIR to B [1]	19.5	15.1	13.8	11.9	11.7	10.6	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in Section 13.4.

Table 11. Typical power dissipation capacitance at $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$				Unit
			1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance[1] [2]	A port: (direction A to B); B port: (direction B to A)	2	3	3	4	pF
		A port: (direction B to A); B port: (direction A to B)	15	16	16	18	pF

- [1] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).
 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ where:
 f_i = input frequency in MHz;
 f_o = output frequency in MHz;
 C_L = load capacitance in pF;
 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;
 N = number of inputs switching;
 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.
- [2] $f_i = 10\text{ MHz}$; $V_i = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; $t_r = t_f = 1\text{ ns}$; $C_L = 0\text{ pF}$; $R_L = \infty\text{ }\Omega$.

Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 5; for waveforms see Fig. 3 and Fig. 4.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.8	21.3	2.4	17.6	2.0	13.5	1.7	11.8	1.6	10.5	ns
		B to A	2.8	21.3	2.6	19.1	2.3	14.9	2.3	12.4	2.2	12.0	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.6	19.3	2.2	15.3	1.8	11.8	1.7	10.9	1.7	10.8	ns
		B to A	2.6	19.3	2.4	17.3	2.3	13.2	2.2	11.3	2.3	11.0	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	ns
		DIR to B	3.5	24.8	3.5	23.6	3.0	11.0	3.3	11.3	2.8	10.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	ns
		DIR to B	2.8	18.3	3.0	17.2	2.5	9.4	3.0	10.1	2.5	9.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	39.6	-	36.3	-	24.3	-	22.5	-	21.4	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	32.7	-	29.0	-	24.9	-	23.2	-	21.9	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	44.1	-	40.9	-	24.2	-	22.6	-	21.3	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	38.0	-	34.0	-	30.5	-	29.6	-	29.5	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.6	19.1	2.2	17.7	2.2	9.3	1.7	7.2	1.4	6.8	ns
		B to A	2.4	17.6	2.2	17.7	2.3	16.0	2.1	15.5	1.9	15.1	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.4	17.3	2.0	14.3	1.6	8.5	1.8	7.1	1.7	7.0	ns
		B to A	2.2	15.3	2.0	14.3	2.1	12.9	2.0	12.6	1.8	12.2	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	ns
		DIR to B	3.2	24.1	3.2	21.9	2.7	11.5	3.0	10.3	2.5	8.2	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	ns
		DIR to B	2.5	17.6	2.6	16.0	2.2	9.2	2.7	8.4	2.4	7.1	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	35.2	-	33.7	-	25.2	-	23.9	-	22.2	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	29.6	-	28.2	-	19.8	-	17.7	-	17.3	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	39.4	-	36.2	-	24.4	-	22.9	-	20.4	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	34.4	-	31.4	-	25.6	-	24.2	-	24.1	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.3	17.9	2.3	16.0	1.5	8.5	1.3	6.2	1.1	4.8	ns
		B to A	2.0	13.5	2.2	9.3	1.5	8.5	1.4	8.0	1.0	7.5	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.3	15.8	2.1	12.9	1.4	7.5	1.3	5.4	0.9	4.6	ns
		B to A	1.8	11.8	1.9	8.5	1.4	7.5	1.3	7.0	0.9	6.2	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	ns
		DIR to B	3.0	22.5	3.0	21.4	2.5	11.0	2.8	9.3	2.3	6.9	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	ns
		DIR to B	2.3	14.6	2.5	13.2	2.0	9.0	2.5	8.4	1.8	5.8	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	28.1	-	22.5	-	17.5	-	16.4	-	13.3	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	23.7	-	21.8	-	14.3	-	12.0	-	10.6	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	34.3	-	29.9	-	18.5	-	16.3	-	13.1	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	23.9	-	21.0	-	15.6	-	13.5	-	12.7	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.3	17.1	2.1	15.5	1.4	8.0	0.8	5.6	0.7	4.4	ns
		B to A	1.7	11.8	1.7	7.2	1.3	6.2	0.7	5.6	0.6	5.4	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.2	15.6	2.0	12.6	1.3	7.0	0.8	5.0	0.7	4.0	ns
		B to A	1.7	10.9	1.8	7.1	1.3	5.4	0.8	5.0	0.7	4.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.7	7.3	ns
		DIR to B	2.9	18.0	2.9	16.5	2.3	10.1	2.7	8.6	2.2	6.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	ns
		DIR to B	2.3	13.6	2.4	12.5	1.9	7.8	2.3	7.1	1.7	4.9	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	25.4	-	19.7	-	14.0	-	12.7	-	10.3	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	22.7	-	21.1	-	13.6	-	11.2	-	10.0	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	28.9	-	23.6	-	15.5	-	13.6	-	10.8	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	22.9	-	19.9	-	14.3	-	12.3	-	11.3	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.2	16.6	1.9	15.1	1.0	7.5	0.7	5.4	0.5	3.9	ns
		B to A	1.6	10.5	1.4	6.8	1.0	4.8	0.7	4.4	0.5	3.9	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.3	15.3	1.8	12.2	1.0	6.2	0.7	4.5	0.5	3.5	ns
		B to A	1.7	10.8	1.7	7.0	0.9	4.6	0.7	4.0	0.5	3.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	ns
		DIR to B	2.9	17.3	2.9	16.1	2.3	9.7	2.7	8.0	2.5	5.7	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.4	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.3	3.7	1.0	3.7	0.9	3.7	ns
		DIR to B	2.3	13.1	2.4	12.1	1.9	7.4	2.3	7.0	1.8	4.5	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	23.6	-	18.9	-	12.2	-	11.4	-	8.4	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	20.3	-	18.8	-	11.2	-	9.1	-	7.6	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	28.1	-	23.1	-	14.3	-	12.0	-	9.2	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	20.7	-	17.6	-	11.6	-	9.9	-	8.9	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in [Section 13.4](#).

Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +125 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Fig. 5](#); for waveforms see [Fig. 3](#) and [Fig. 4](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.5	23.5	2.1	19.4	1.8	14.9	1.5	13.0	1.4	11.6	ns
		B to A	2.5	23.5	2.3	21.1	2.0	16.4	2.0	13.7	1.9	13.2	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.3	21.3	1.9	16.9	1.6	13.0	1.5	12.0	1.5	11.9	ns
		B to A	2.3	21.3	2.1	19.1	2.0	14.6	1.9	12.5	2.0	12.1	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	ns
		DIR to B	3.1	27.3	3.1	26.0	2.7	12.1	2.9	12.5	2.5	11.4	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	ns
		DIR to B	2.5	20.2	2.7	19.0	2.2	10.4	2.7	11.2	2.2	10.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	43.7	-	40.1	-	26.8	-	24.9	-	23.6	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	36.1	-	32.0	-	27.5	-	25.6	-	24.2	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	48.6	-	45.1	-	26.7	-	25.0	-	23.5	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	41.9	-	37.5	-	33.6	-	32.6	-	32.5	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.3	21.1	1.9	19.5	1.9	10.3	1.5	8.0	1.2	7.5	ns
		B to A	2.1	19.4	1.9	19.5	2.0	17.6	1.8	17.1	1.7	16.7	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.1	19.1	1.8	15.8	1.4	9.4	1.6	7.9	1.5	7.7	ns
		B to A	1.9	16.9	1.8	15.8	1.8	14.2	1.8	13.9	1.6	13.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	ns
		DIR to B	2.8	26.6	2.8	24.1	2.4	12.7	2.7	11.4	2.2	9.1	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	ns
		DIR to B	2.2	19.4	2.3	17.6	1.9	10.2	2.4	9.3	2.1	7.9	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	38.8	-	37.1	-	27.8	-	26.4	-	24.6	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	32.7	-	31.1	-	21.9	-	19.6	-	19.1	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	43.5	-	39.9	-	26.9	-	25.3	-	22.6	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	38.0	-	34.7	-	28.3	-	26.8	-	26.6	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.0	19.7	2.0	17.6	1.3	9.4	1.1	6.9	0.9	5.3	ns
		B to A	1.8	14.9	1.9	10.3	1.3	9.4	1.2	8.8	0.9	8.3	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.0	17.4	1.8	14.2	1.2	8.3	1.1	6.0	0.8	5.1	ns
		B to A	1.6	13.0	1.7	9.4	1.2	8.3	1.1	7.7	0.8	6.9	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	ns
		DIR to B	2.7	24.8	2.7	23.6	2.2	12.1	2.5	10.3	2.0	7.6	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	ns
		DIR to B	2.0	16.1	2.2	14.6	1.8	9.9	2.2	9.3	1.6	6.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	31.0	-	24.9	-	19.3	-	18.1	-	14.7	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	26.1	-	24.0	-	15.8	-	13.3	-	11.7	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	37.8	-	33.0	-	20.4	-	18.0	-	14.5	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	26.4	-	23.2	-	17.3	-	15.0	-	14.1	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.0	18.9	1.8	17.1	1.2	8.8	0.7	6.2	0.6	4.9	ns
		B to A	1.5	13.0	1.5	8.0	1.1	6.9	0.6	6.2	0.5	6.0	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	1.9	17.2	1.8	13.9	1.1	7.7	0.7	5.5	0.6	4.4	ns
		B to A	1.5	12.0	1.6	7.9	1.1	6.0	0.7	5.5	0.6	5.0	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.4	8.1	ns
		DIR to B	2.6	19.8	2.6	18.2	2.0	11.2	2.4	9.5	1.9	7.0	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	ns
		DIR to B	2.0	15.0	2.1	13.8	1.7	8.6	2.0	7.9	1.5	5.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	28.0	-	21.8	-	15.5	-	14.1	-	11.4	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	25.1	-	23.3	-	15.0	-	12.4	-	11.1	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	31.8	-	26.1	-	17.2	-	15.0	-	12.0	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	25.3	-	22.0	-	15.8	-	13.6	-	12.5	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	1.9	18.3	1.7	16.7	0.9	8.3	0.6	6.0	0.4	4.3	ns
		B to A	1.4	11.6	1.2	7.5	0.9	5.3	0.6	4.9	0.4	4.3	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.0	16.9	1.6	13.5	0.9	6.9	0.6	5.0	0.4	3.9	ns
		B to A	1.5	11.9	1.5	7.7	0.8	5.1	0.6	4.4	0.4	3.9	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	ns
		DIR to B	2.6	19.1	2.6	17.8	2.0	10.7	2.4	8.8	2.2	6.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.2	4.1	1.2	4.1	1.1	4.1	0.9	4.1	0.8	4.1	ns
		DIR to B	2.0	14.5	2.1	13.4	1.7	8.2	2.0	7.7	1.6	5.0	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	26.1	-	20.9	-	13.5	-	12.6	-	9.3	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	22.4	-	20.8	-	12.4	-	10.1	-	8.4	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	31.0	-	25.5	-	15.8	-	13.2	-	10.2	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	22.9	-	19.5	-	12.9	-	11.0	-	9.9	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in [Section 13.4](#).

11.1. Waveforms and test circuit

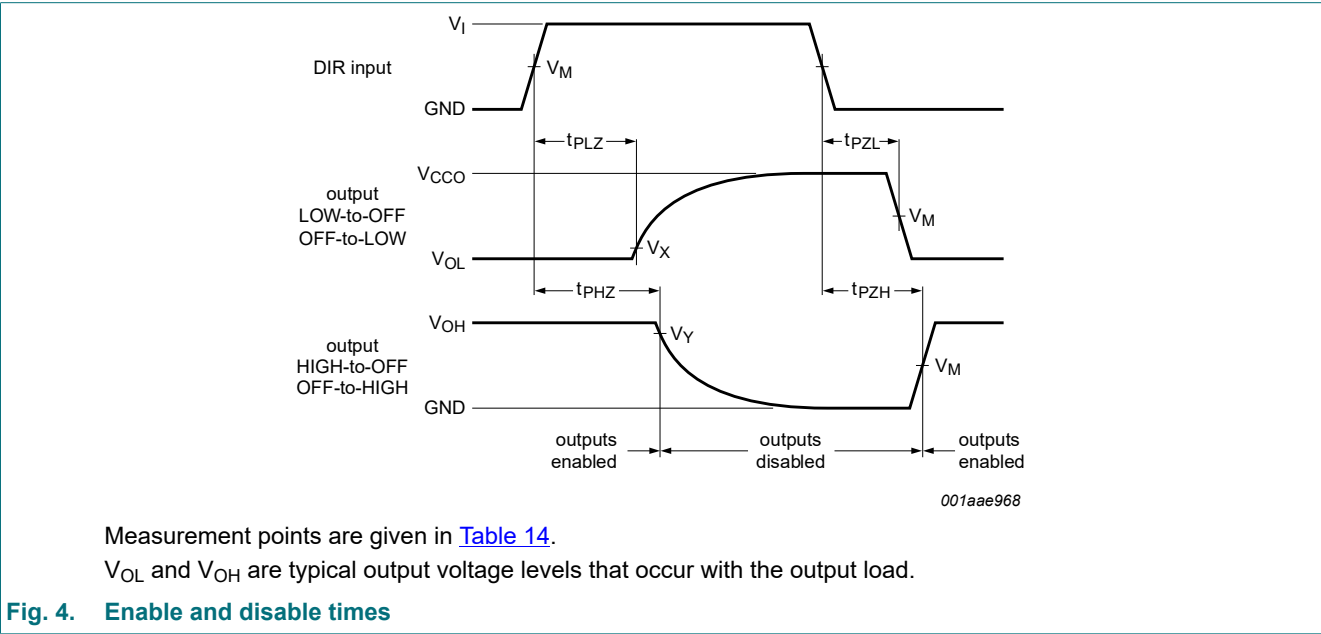
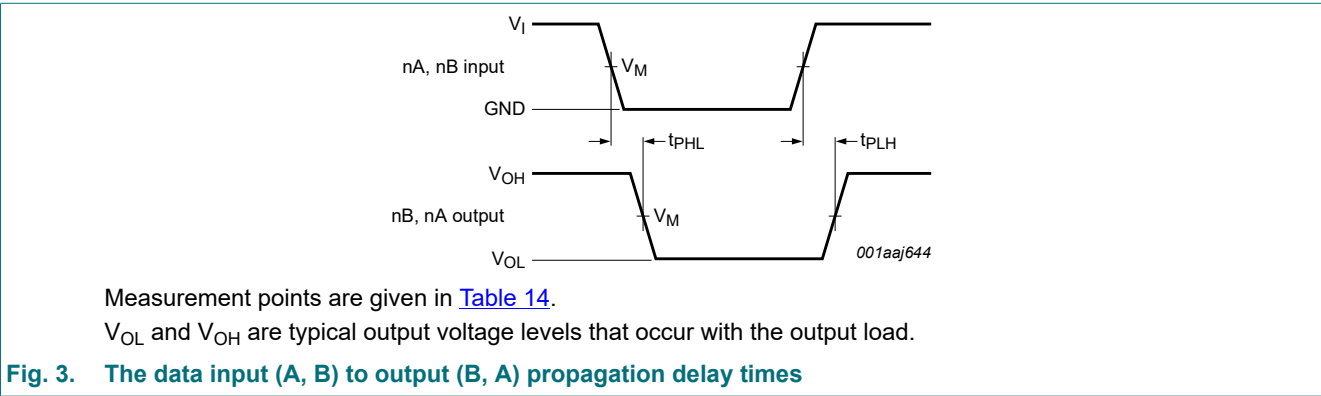
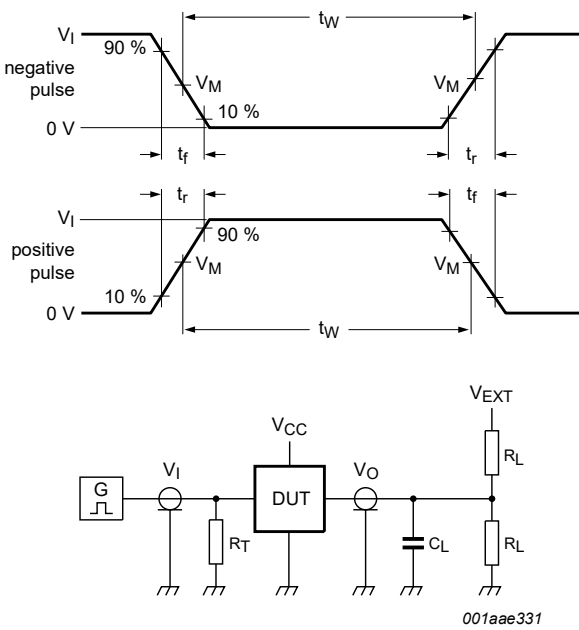


Table 14. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input [1]	Output [2]		
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	V_M	V_M	V_X	V_Y
1.2 V to 1.6 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL} + 0.1\text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.1\text{ V}$
1.65 V to 2.7 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15\text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15\text{ V}$
3.0 V to 5.5 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL} + 0.3\text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.3\text{ V}$

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.
[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.



Test data is given in [Table 15](#).
 R_L = Load resistance;
 C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance;
 R_T = Termination resistance;
 V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

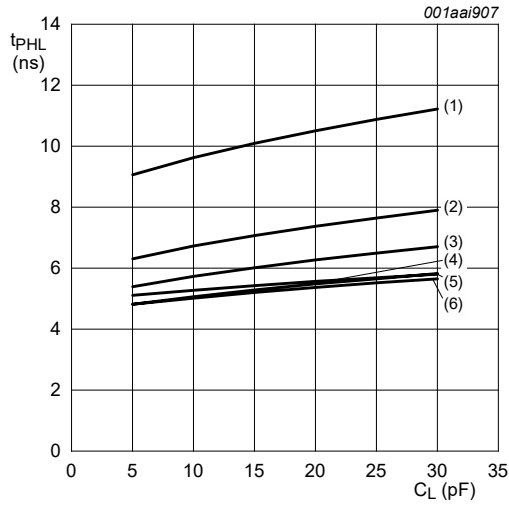
Fig. 5. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 15. Test data

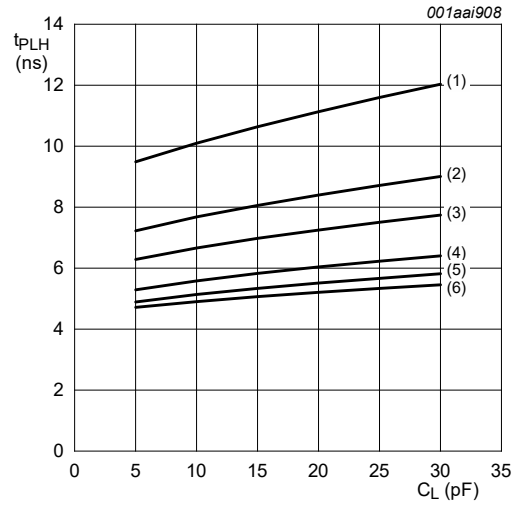
Supply voltage	Input		Load		V_{EXT}		
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	V_I [1]	$\Delta t/\Delta V$ [2]	C_L	R_L	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}	t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ} [3]
1.2 V to 5.5 V	V_{CCI}	$\leq 1.0 \text{ ns/V}$	15 pF	2 k Ω	open	GND	$2V_{CCO}$

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.
[2] $dV/dt \geq 1.0 \text{ V/ns}$.
[3] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

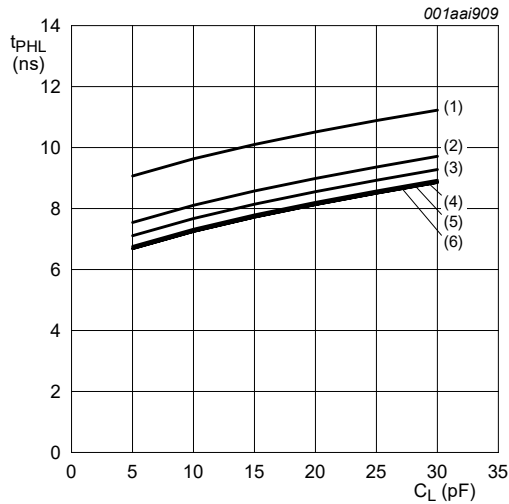
12. Typical propagation delay characteristics



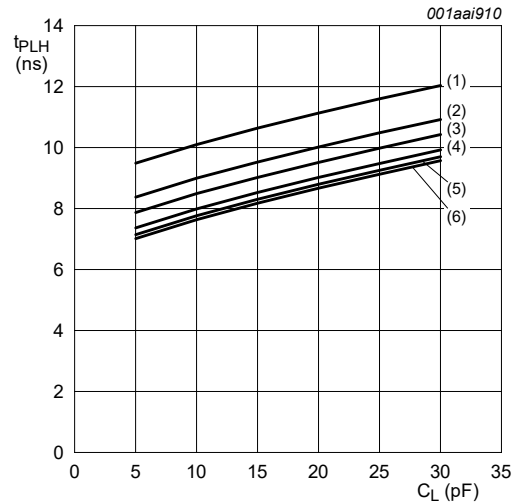
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



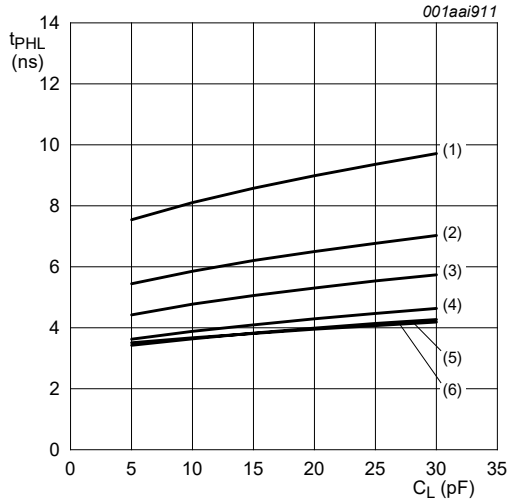
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



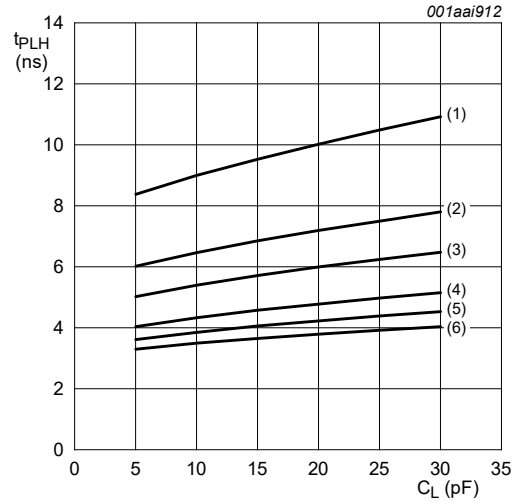
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$.

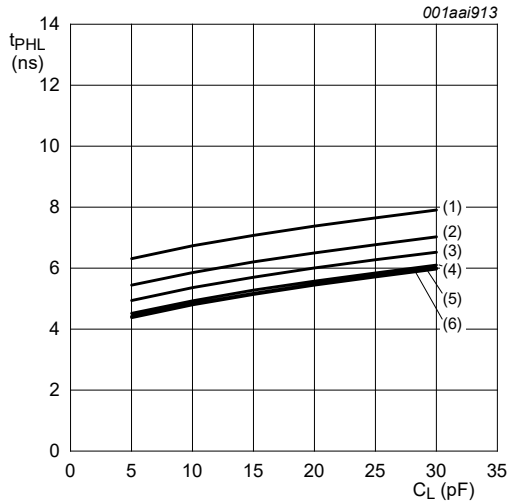
Fig. 6. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$



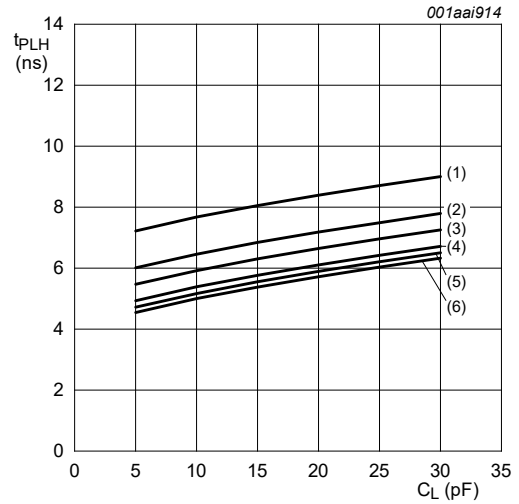
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



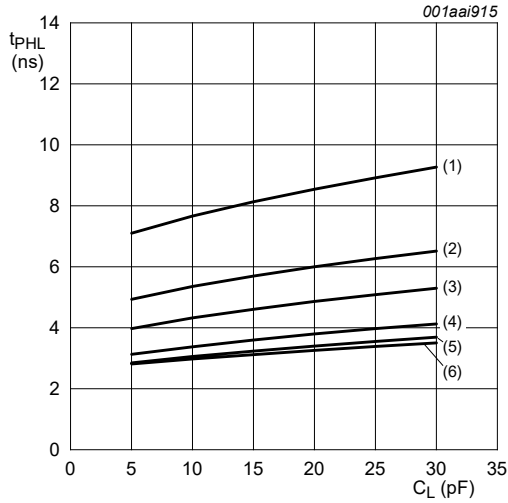
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



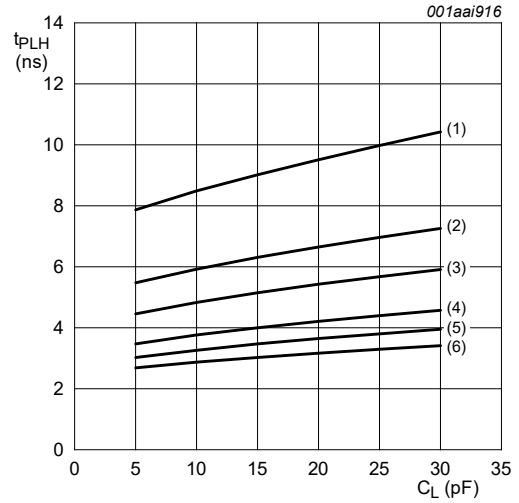
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$ V.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$ V.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$ V.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$ V.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$ V.

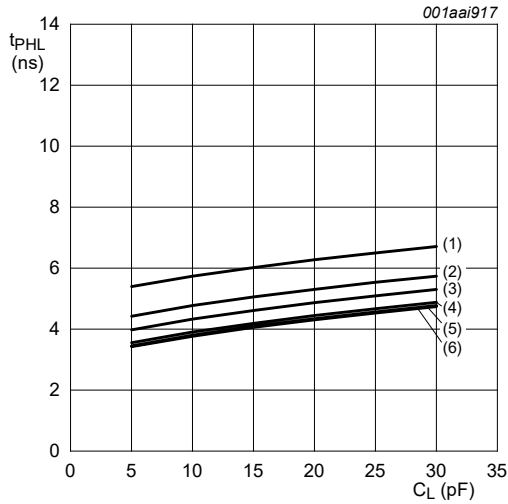
Fig. 7. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.5$ V



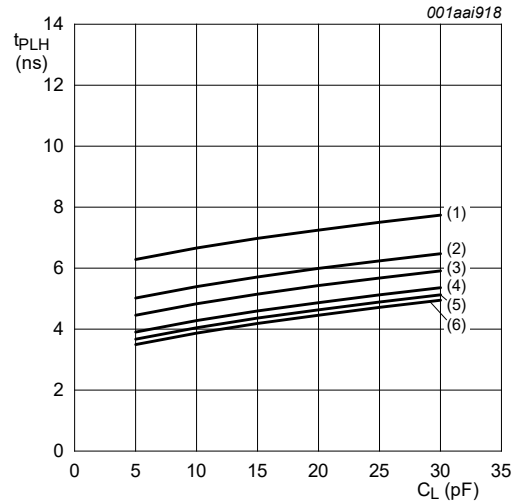
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



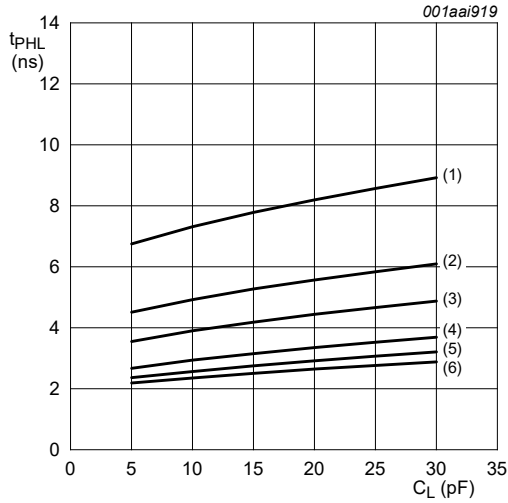
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



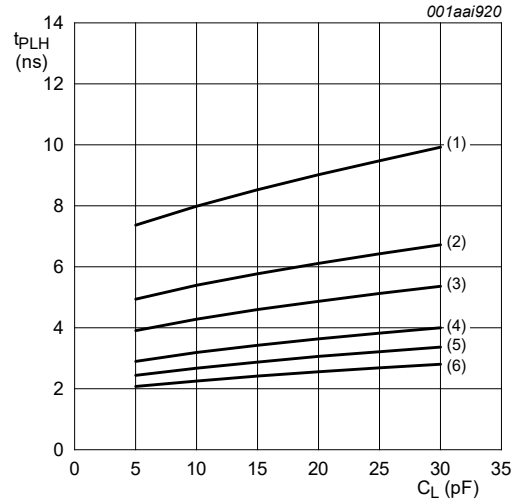
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$ V.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$ V.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$ V.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$ V.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$ V.

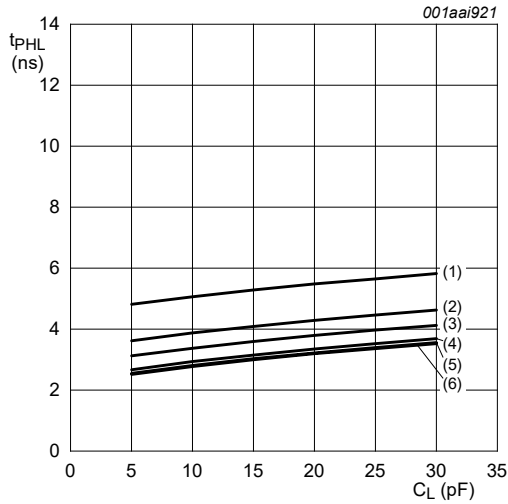
Fig. 8. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.8$ V



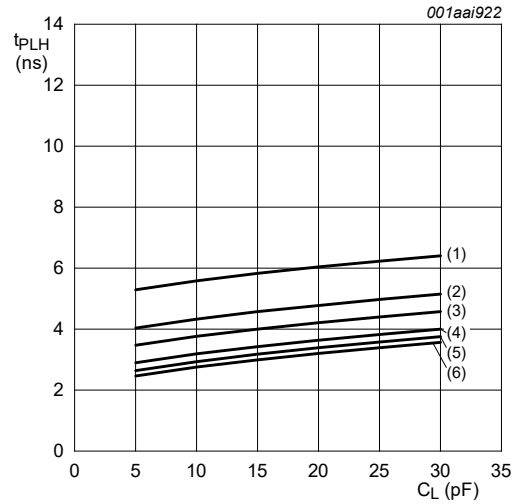
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



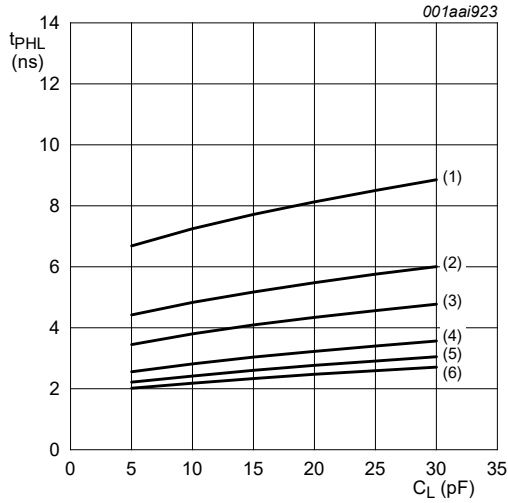
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



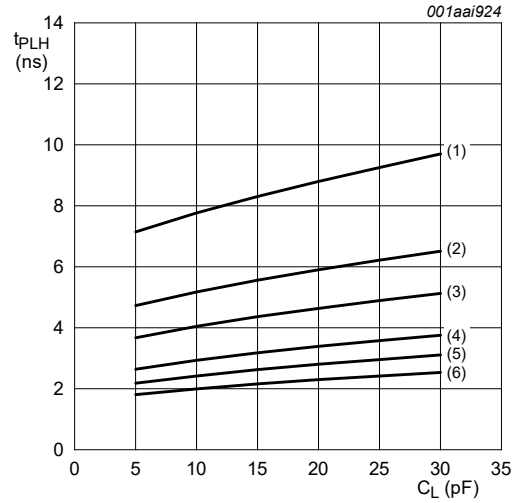
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$ V.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$ V.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$ V.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$ V.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$ V.

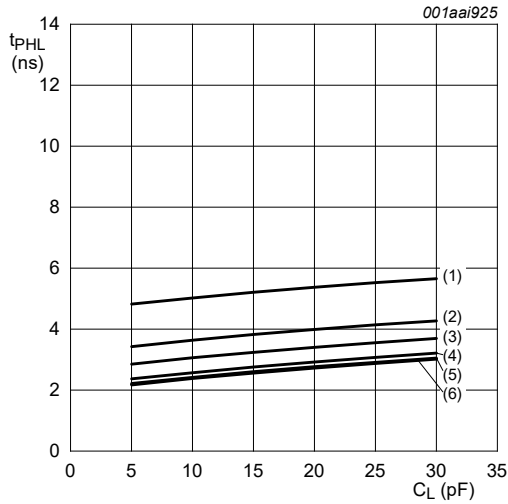
Fig. 9. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; $V_{CC(A)} = 2.5$ V



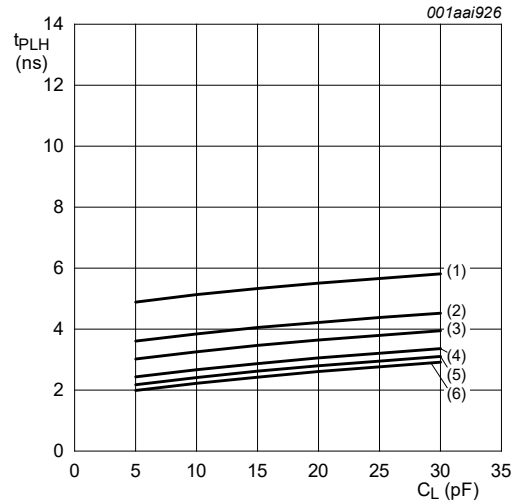
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



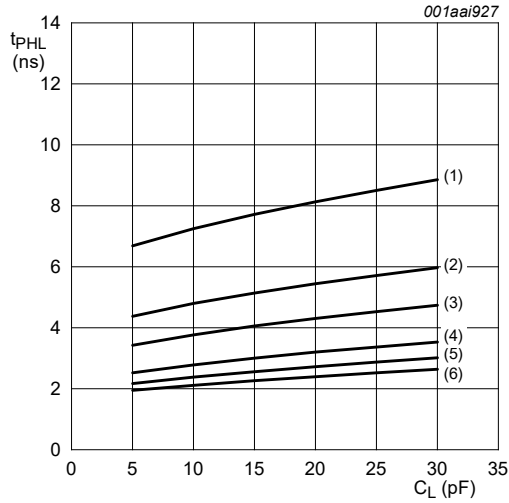
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



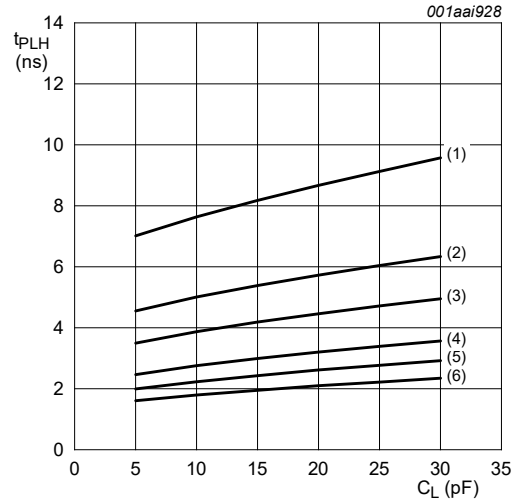
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$ V.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$ V.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$ V.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$ V.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$ V.

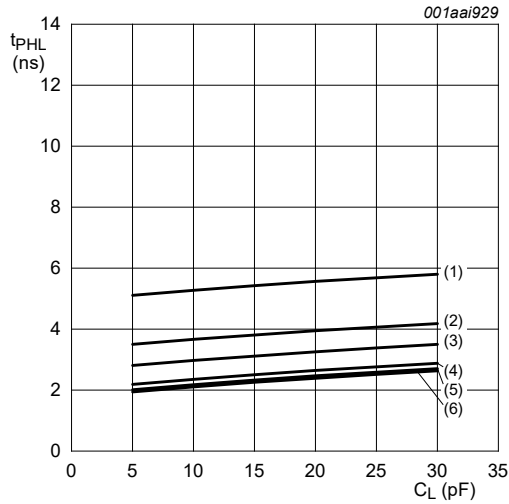
Fig. 10. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; $V_{CC(A)} = 3.3$ V



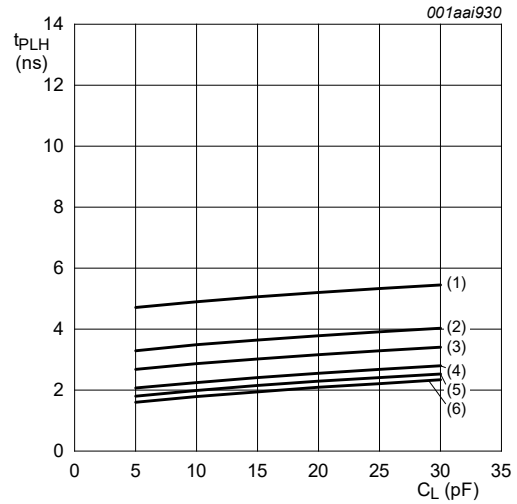
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$ V.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$ V.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$ V.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$ V.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$ V.

Fig. 11. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; $V_{CC(A)} = 5.0$ V

13. Application information

13.1. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

The circuit given in Fig. 12 is an example of the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 being used in a unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

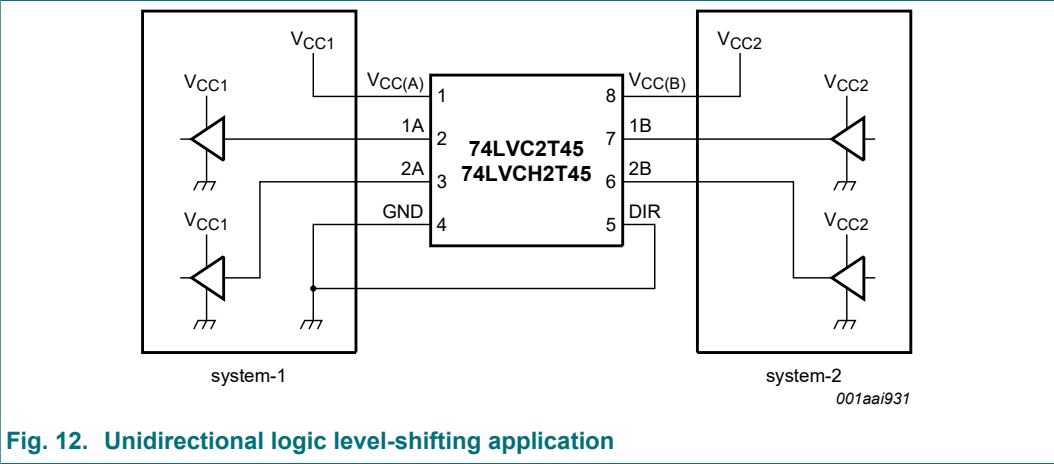


Table 16. Description of unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Pin	Name	Function	Description
1	V _{CC(A)}	V _{CC1}	supply voltage of system-1 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
2	1A	OUT	output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage
3	2A	OUT	output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage
4	GND	GND	device GND
5	DIR	DIR	the GND (LOW level) determines B port to A port direction
6	2B	IN	input threshold value depends on V _{CC2} voltage
7	1B	IN	input threshold value depends on V _{CC2} voltage
8	V _{CC(B)}	V _{CC2}	supply voltage of system-2 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)

13.2. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application

Fig. 13 shows the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application. Since the device does not have an output enable pin, the system designer should take precautions to avoid bus contention between system-1 and system-2 when changing directions.

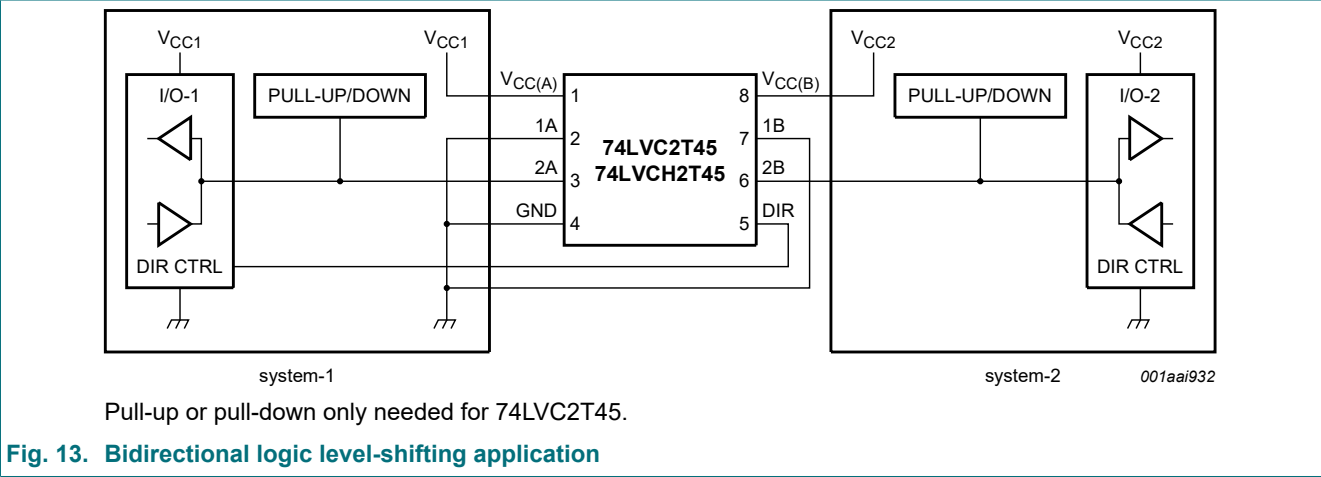


Table 17 gives a sequence that will illustrate data transmission from system-1 to system-2 and then from system-2 to system-1.

Table 17. Description of bidirectional logic level-shifting application

H = HIGH voltage level;
L = LOW voltage level;
Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

State	DIR CTRL	I/O-1	I/O-2	Description
1	H	output	input	system-1 data to system-2
2	H	Z	Z	system-2 is getting ready to send data to system-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold
3	L	Z	Z	DIR bit is set LOW. I/O-1 and I/O-2 still are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold
4	L	input	output	system-2 data to system-1

13.3. Power-up considerations

The device is designed such that no special power-up sequence is required other than GND being applied first.

Table 18. Typical total supply current ($I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$)

V _{CC(A)}	V _{CC(B)}					Unit
	0 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
0 V	0	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μA
1.8 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	2	μA
2.5 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA
3.3 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA
5.0 V	< 1	2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA

13.4. Enable times

Calculate the enable times for the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 using the following formulas:

- $t_{PZH} \text{ (DIR to A)} = t_{PLZ} \text{ (DIR to B)} + t_{PLH} \text{ (B to A)}$
- $t_{PZL} \text{ (DIR to A)} = t_{PHZ} \text{ (DIR to B)} + t_{PHL} \text{ (B to A)}$
- $t_{PZH} \text{ (DIR to B)} = t_{PLZ} \text{ (DIR to A)} + t_{PLH} \text{ (A to B)}$
- $t_{PZL} \text{ (DIR to B)} = t_{PHZ} \text{ (DIR to A)} + t_{PHL} \text{ (A to B)}$

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched, the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.

14. Package outline

VSSOP8: plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm

SOT765-1

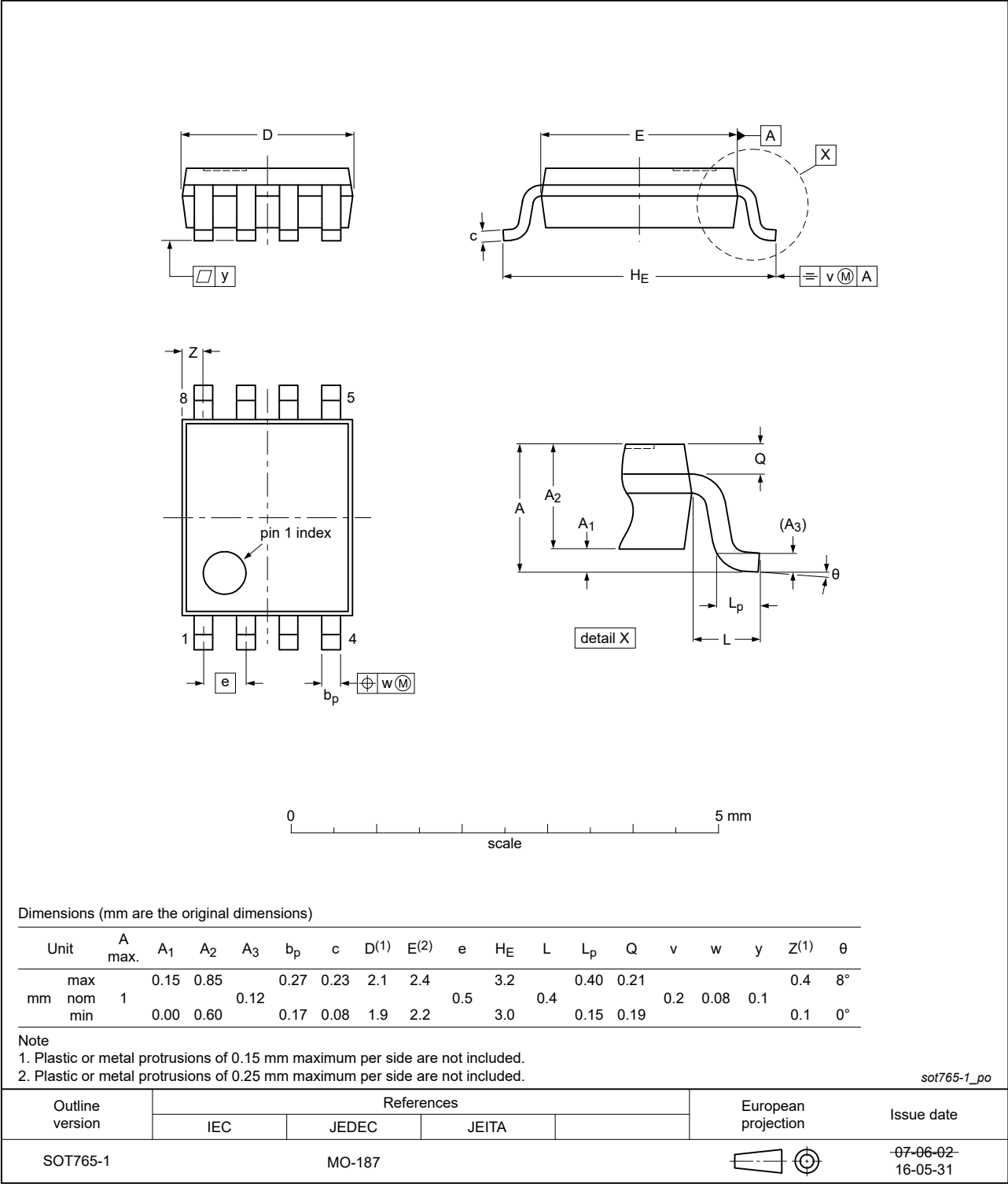


Fig. 14. Package outline SOT765-1 (VSSOP8)

XSON8: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 x 1.95 x 0.5 mm

SOT833-1

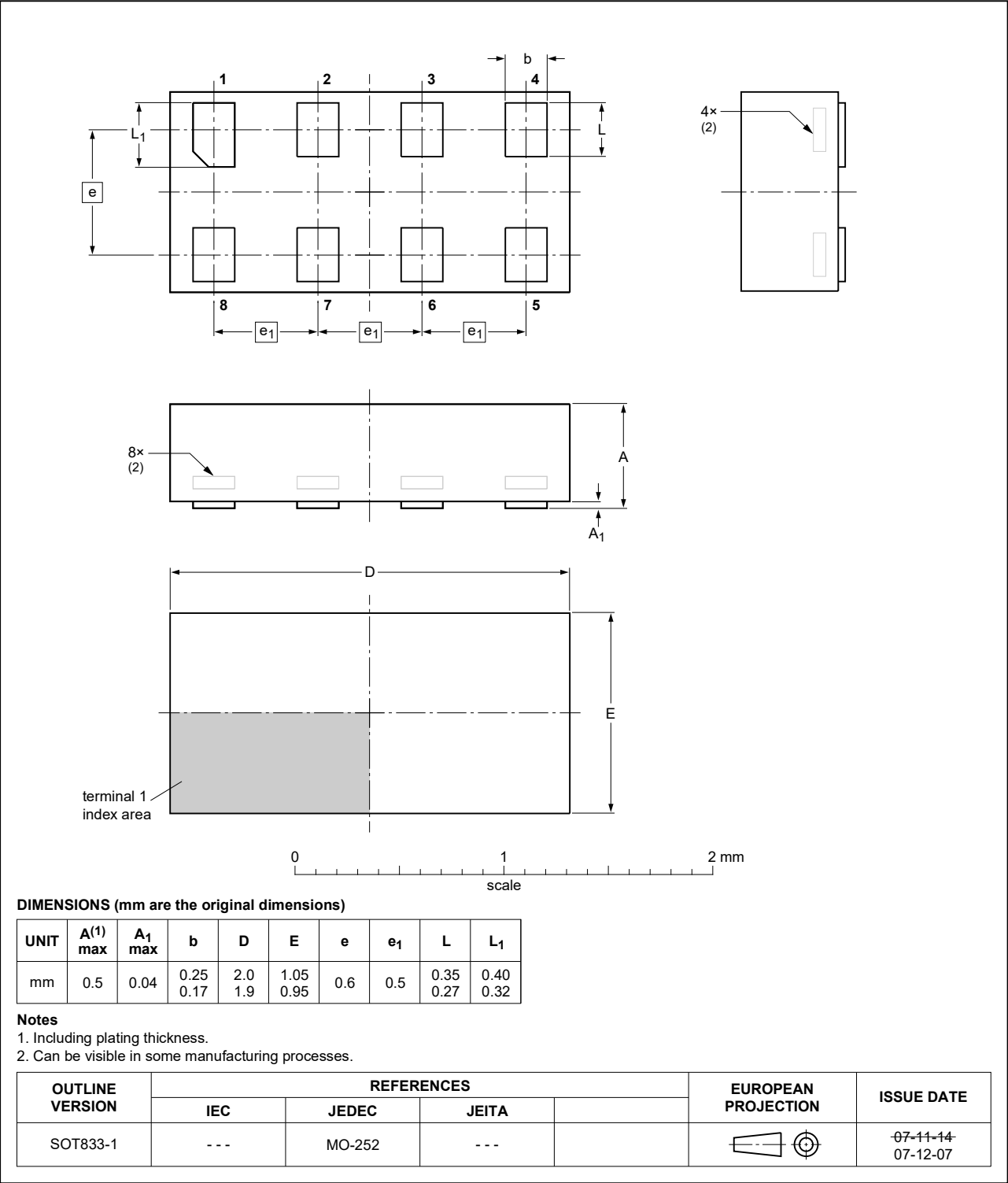


Fig. 15. Package outline SOT833-1 (XSON8)

XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
8 terminals; body 1.35 x 1 x 0.5 mm

SOT1089

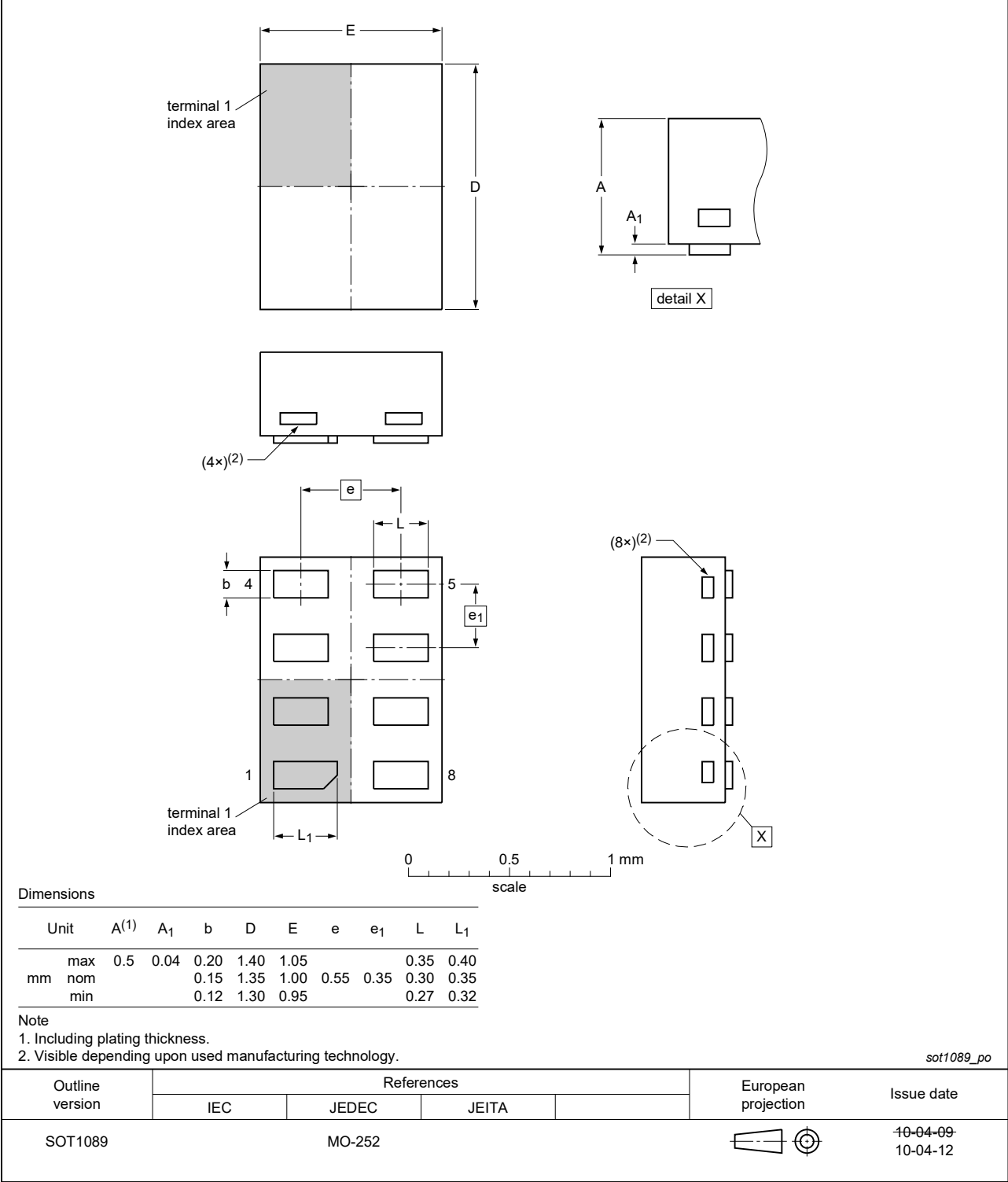


Fig. 16. Package outline SOT1089 (XSON8)

XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
8 terminals; body 1.2 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm

SOT1116

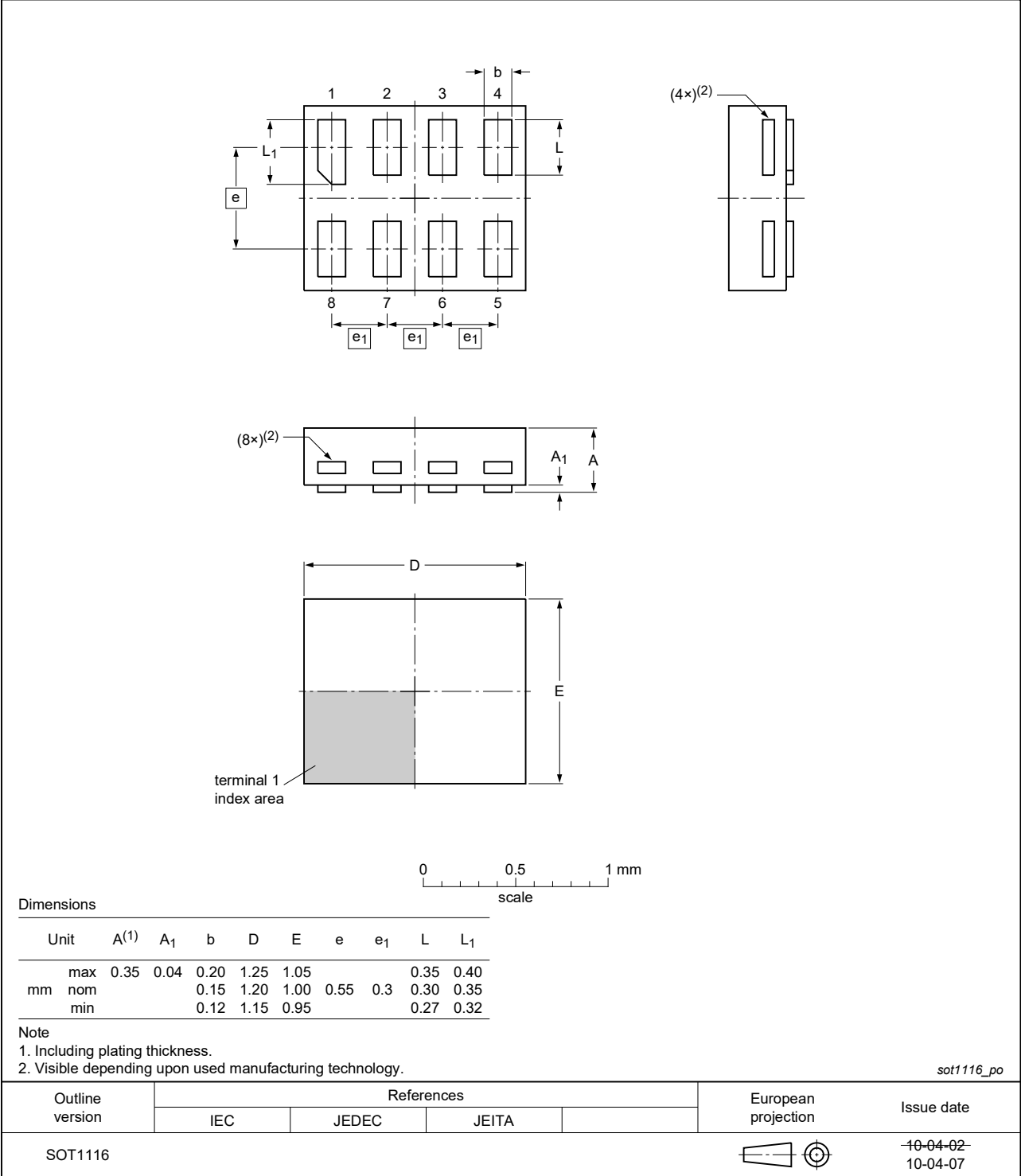


Fig. 17. Package outline SOT1116 (XSON8)

XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
8 terminals; body 1.35 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm

SOT1203

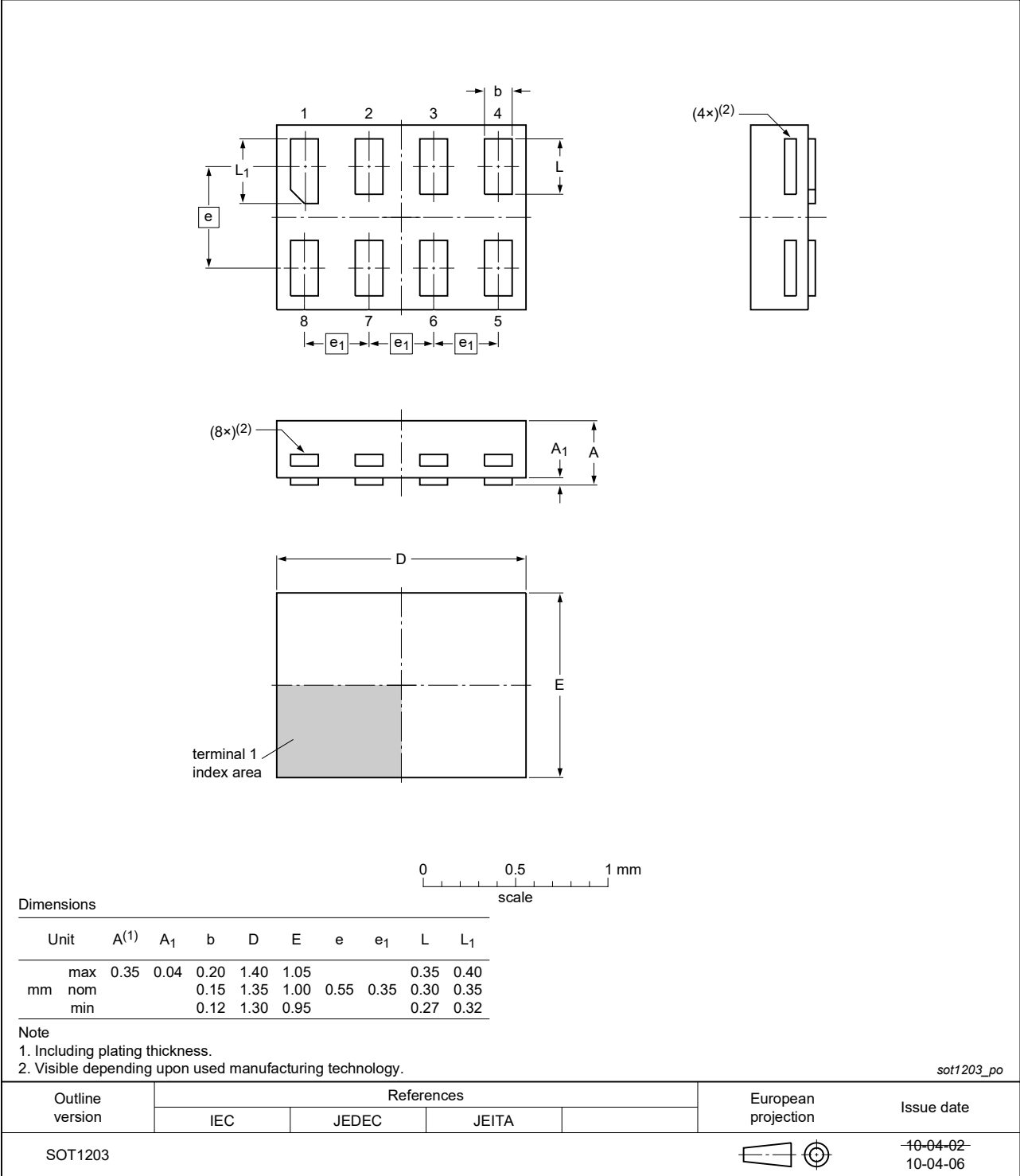


Fig. 18. Package outline SOT1203 (XSON8)

15. Abbreviations

Table 19. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model

16. Revision history

Table 20. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.14	20240430	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.13
Modifications:	• Type number 74LVCH2T45GF (SOT1089/XSON8) removed.			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.13	20230809	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.12
Modifications:	• Section 2 : ESD specification updated according to the latest JEDEC standard.			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.12	20230301	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.11
Modifications:	• Table 11 : The conditions for the typical power dissipation capacitance have changed (errata).			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.11	20210916	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.10
Modifications:	• Type number 74LVC2T45GM (SOT902-2 / XQFN8) removed.			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.10	20210511	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.9
Modifications:	• Type number 74LVCH2T45GM (SOT902-2 / XQFN8) removed. • Section 8 : Derating values for P _{tot} total power dissipation updated.			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.9	20180813	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.8
Modifications:	• The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia. • Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. • Type numbers 74LVC2T45GD and 74LVCH2T45GD (SOT996-2) removed. • Fig. 14 : Package outline drawing (SOT765-1) modified.			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.8	20130329	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.7
Modifications:	• For type numbers 74LVC2T45GD and 74LVCH2T45GD XSON8U has changed to XSON8.			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.7	20120619	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.6
Modifications:	• For type numbers 74LVC2T45GM and 74LVCH2T45GM the SOT code has changed to SOT902-2.			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.6	20111209	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.5
Modifications:	• Legal pages updated.			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.5	20110927	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.4
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.4	20100820	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.3
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.3	20100119	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.2
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.2	20090205	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.1
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.1	20081118	Product data sheet	-	-

17. Legal information

Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at <https://www.nexperia.com>.

Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local Nexperia sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between Nexperia and its customer, unless Nexperia and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the Nexperia product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. Nexperia takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of Nexperia.

In no event shall Nexperia be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, Nexperia's aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the Terms and conditions of commercial sale of Nexperia.

Right to make changes — Nexperia reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — Nexperia products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an Nexperia product can reasonably be expected to result in personal

injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. Nexperia and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of Nexperia products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Quick reference data — The Quick reference data is an extract of the product data given in the Limiting values and Characteristics sections of this document, and as such is not complete, exhaustive or legally binding.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Nexperia makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using Nexperia products, and Nexperia accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the Nexperia product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

Nexperia does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using Nexperia products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Nexperia does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — Nexperia products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at <http://www.nexperia.com/profile/terms>, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. Nexperia hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of Nexperia products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Non-automotive qualified products — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific Nexperia product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. Nexperia accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without Nexperia's warranty of the product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond Nexperia's specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies Nexperia for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond Nexperia's standard warranty and Nexperia's product specifications.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Contents

1. General description..... 1

2. Features and benefits..... 1

3. Ordering information.....2

4. Marking.....2

5. Functional diagram.....2

6. Pinning information.....3

6.1. Pinning.....3

6.2. Pin description.....3

7. Functional description..... 4

8. Limiting values..... 4

9. Recommended operating conditions.....5

10. Static characteristics.....5

11. Dynamic characteristics.....9

11.1. Waveforms and test circuit..... 15

12. Typical propagation delay characteristics..... 17

13. Application information..... 23

13.1. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application..... 23

13.2. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application..... 24

13.3. Power-up considerations..... 24

13.4. Enable times.....25

14. Package outline..... 26

15. Abbreviations..... 31

16. Revision history.....31

17. Legal information.....32

© Nexperia B.V. 2024. All rights reserved

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nexperia.com>

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nexperia.com

Date of release: 30 April 2024