

TOSHIBA Bipolar Linear Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TA2180FNG

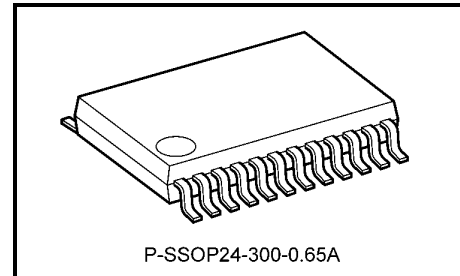
3 V AM/FM 1 Chip Tuner IC (for Frequency Read out)

TA2180FNG are AM/FM 1 chip tuner ICs, which are designed for portable Radios and 3 V Head phone Radios.

This is suitable for Frequency Read out Applications. FM Local Oscillation Voltage is set up low relatively, for NEW FCC.

Functions

- For NEW FCC.
- For adopting ceramic Discriminator, it is not necessary to adjust the FM Quad Detector Circuit.
- Built-in FM MPX VCO circuit.
- Built-in one terminal type AM/FM Local Oscillator Buffer Output for Digital Tuning System Applications.
 - Built-in 1/16 Pre-scaler for FM Local OSC Buffer.
- Built-in AM Low cut circuit.
- Low supply current. ($V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)
 - $I_{CCq}(\text{FM}) = 13\text{ mA (typ.)}$
 - $I_{CCq}(\text{AM}) = 8.5\text{ mA (typ.)}$
- Operating supply voltage range: $V_{CC} = 1.8\sim 7\text{ V}$ ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)



Weight: 0.14 g (typ.)

Note 1: Handle with care to prevent devices from deteriorations by static electricity.

Explanation of Terminals

(Terminal voltage: Typical terminal voltage at no signal with test circuit, $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Pin No.	Characteristic	Internal Circuit	Terminal Voltage (Typ.) (V)	
			AM	FM
1	RF GND (GND for FM RF stage)	—	0	0
2	FM-RFin		0	0.8
3	AM LOW CUT		1.0	—
4	MIX OUT		3.0	3.0
5	V_{CC} (V_{CC} for AM, FM IF, MPX)	—	3.0	3.0
6	AM IF IN		2.3	2.5

Pin No.	Characteristic	Internal Circuit	Terminal Voltage (Typ.) (V)	
			AM	FM
7	FM IF IN		3.0	3.0
8	GND (GND for AM, FM IF, MPX)	—	0	0
9	AGC		0	0
10	QUAD		2.5	2.2
11 12	R-OUT L-OUT		1.2	1.2

Pin No.	Characteristic	Internal Circuit	Terminal Voltage (Typ.) (V)	
			AM	FM
13	<p>LPF2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LPF terminal for phase detector • Bias terminal AM/FM SW circuit <p>$V_{13} = \text{GND} \rightarrow \text{AM}$ $V_{13} = \text{OPEN} \rightarrow \text{FM}$</p>		0	2.2
14	<p>LPF1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LPF terminal for synchronous detector • VCO stop terminal <p>$V_{14} = \text{GND} \rightarrow \text{VCO STOP}$</p>		0.7	2.4
15	MPX IN		0.7	0.7
16	DET OUT	<p>(a) LOW \rightarrow FM, HIGH \rightarrow AM (b) LOW \rightarrow AM, HIGH \rightarrow FM</p>	1.0	0.9

Pin No.	Characteristic	Internal Circuit	Terminal Voltage (Typ.) (V)	
			AM	FM
17	TEST		—	—
18	ST LED		—	—
19	OSC OUT		2.8	2.7
20	AM OSC		3.0	3.0
21	FM OSC		3.0	3.0

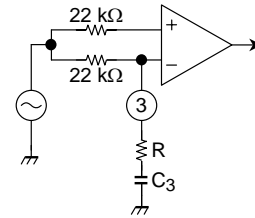
Pin No.	Characteristic	Internal Circuit	Terminal Voltage (Typ.) (V)	
			AM	FM
22	AM RFin		3.0	3.0
23	RF V _{CC} (V _{CC} for FM RF stage)	—	3.0	3.0
24	FM RFout	cf. pin 1	3.0	3.0

Application Note

1. AM Low-Cut Circuit

- The AM Low-Cut action is carried out by the bypass of the high frequency component of the positive-feedback signal at the AF AMP stage. The external capacitor: C₃ by-pass this component.
- The cut-off frequency f_L is determined by the internal resistance 22 kΩ (Typ.) and the external capacitor C₃ as following;

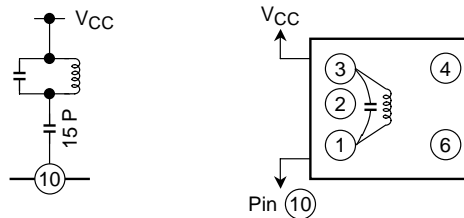
$$f_L = \frac{1}{2 \times \pi \times 22 \times 10^3 \times C_3} \text{ (Hz)}$$



- In the case of the AM Low-Cut function is not needed, set up the value of C₃ over 1 μF. In the condition of C₃ ≥ 1 μF, the frequency characteristic has flat response at the low frequency.
- It is possible to reduce the recovered output level at AM mode, by additional resistance between the pin 3 and GND line.

2. FM Detection Circuit

For the FM detection circuit, detection coil is able to use instead of ceramic discriminator. Recommended circuit and recommended coil are as follows. (In this case, please take care that V_{in} (lim.) falls a little.)

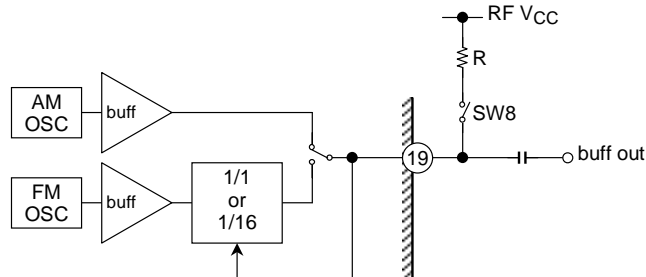


Test Frequency	Co (pF)	Qo	Turns				Wire (mmφ)	Reference
			1-2	2-3	1-3	4-6		
10.7 MHz	51	45	—	—	30	—	0.08UEW	Toko Co., Ltd. 600BEAS-10018Z

3. VCC Line

This ICs have two voltage supply terminals, VCC (for AM, FM IF, MPX stage) and RF VCC (for FM RF stage). Set up the potential difference between VCC and RF VCC 0.4 V (typ.) or less, otherwise there is the case that this IC doesn't operate normally.

4. How to Control the Divider of FM OSC.



Divider of FM OSC ON/OFF switching is controlled by external pull-up resistor of pin 19. In case of Divider of FM OSC is used, it is necessary to set up the value of R under 470 Ω (typ.). When R is over 470 Ω, it is feared that Divider is not operating. (At this time, buffer output frequency is equal to FM OSC frequency.) Which ever Divider of FM OSC is used or not, AM OSC buffer frequency and output level is same.

Mode	SW8	Output Frequency	Output Level (Typ.)
FM	OPEN	1/1 FM OSC	35 mVrms
	ON	1/16 FM OSC	110 mVrms
AM	OPNE	1/1 FM OSC	75 mVrms
	ON		

Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	8	V
LED current	I _{LED}	10	mA
LED voltage	V _{LED}	8	V
Power dissipation	P _D (Note 2)	500	mW
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-25~75	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55~150	°C

Note 2: Derated above Ta = 25°C in the proportion of 9.6 mW/°C for TA2149BN of 4 mW/°C for TA2149BFN.

Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25°C, V_{CC} = 3 V, F/E: f = 98 MHz, f_m = 1 kHz FM IF: f = 10.7 MHz, Δf = ±75 kHz, f_m = 1 kHz AM: f = 1 MHz, MOD = 30%, f_m = 1 kHz MPX: f_m = 1 kHz)

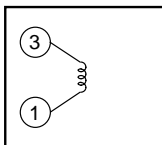
Characteristic		Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Supply current		I _{CC} (FM)	—	V _{in} = 0, FM mode	—	13	16.5	mA
		I _{CC} (AM)	—	V _{in} = 0, AM mode	—	8.5	11.0	
F/E	Input limiting voltage	V _{in} (lim)	—	V _{in} = 60dBμV EMF, -3dB limiting	—	10	—	dBμV EMF
	Local OSC buffer output voltage 1	V _{OSC} (buff) FM1	—	f _{OSC} = 108.7 MHz	23	35	—	mVrms
	Local OSC buffer output voltage 2	V _{OSC} (buff) FM2	—	f _{OSC} = 6.79375 MHz SW8: ON	75	110	—	mVrms
FM IF	Input limiting voltage	V _{in} (lim) IF	—	V _{in} = 80dBμV EMF, -3dB limiting	37	42	47	dBμV EMF
	Recovered output voltage	V _{OD}	—	V _{in} = 80dBμV EMF	200	250	300	mVrms
	Signal to noise ratio	S/N	—	V _{in} = 80dBμV EMF	—	75	—	dB
	Total harmonic distortion	THD	—	V _{in} = 80dBμV EMF	—	0.3	—	%
	AM rejection ration	AMR	—	V _{in} = 80dBμV EMF	—	60	—	dB
AM	Gain	G _V	—	V _{in} = 27dBμV EMF	20	38	70	mVrms
	Recovered output voltage	V _{OD}	—	V _{in} = 60dBμV EMF	60	85	108	mVrms
	Signal to noise ratio	S/N	—	V _{in} = 60dBμV EMF	—	41	—	dB
	Total harmonic distortion	THD	—	V _{in} = 60dBμV EMF	—	0.7	—	%
	Local OSC buffer output voltage	V _{OSC} (buff) AM	—	f _{OSC} = 1.45 MHz	55	75	—	mVrms
Pin 17 output resistance		R ₁₇	—	FM mode	—	0.75	—	kΩ
			—	AM mode	—	15.5	—	

Characteristic		Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	
MPX	Input resistance	R_{IN}	—	—	—	55	—	k Ω	
	Output resistance	R_{OUT}	—	—	—	5	—	k Ω	
	Max. composite signal input voltage	$V_{in\ MAX}$ (Stereo)	—	L + R = 90%, P = 10%, SW3: LPF ON $f_m = 1\ kHz$, THD = 3%	—	700	—	mVrms	
	Separation	Sep.	—	L + R = 180 mVrms, P = 20 mVrms SW3: LPF ON	$f_m = 100\ Hz$	—	45	—	dB
					$f_m = 1\ kHz$	35	45	—	
					$f_m = 10\ kHz$	—	45	—	
	Total harmonic distortion	Monaural	THD (Monaural)	—	$V_{in} = 200\ mVrms$	—	0.3	—	%
		Stereo	THD (Stereo)	—	L + R = 180 mVrms, P = 20 mVrms, SW3: LPF ON	—	0.3	—	
	Voltage gain		G_V	—	$V_{in} = 200\ mVrms$	-2.7	-1.2	0.2	dB
	Channel balance		C.B.	—	$V_{in} = 200\ mVrms$	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
	Stereo LED sensitivity	ON	V_L (ON)	—	Pilot input (19 kHz)	—	10	14	mVrms
		OFF	V_L (OFF)	—		5	8	—	
Stereo LED hysteresis		V_H	—	To LED turn off from LED turn on	—	2	—	mVrms	
Capture range		C.R.	—	P = 15 mVrms	—	± 8	—	%	
Signal noise ratio		S/N	—	$V_{in} = 200\ mVrms$	—	80	—	dB	
Muting attenuation		MUTE	—	$V_{in} = 200\ mVrms$	—	80	—	dB	

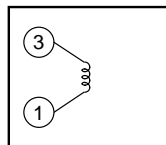
Coil Data

Coil No.	Test Freq.	L (μH)	C_o (pF)	Q_o	Turns					Wire (mm ϕ)	Reference
					1-2	2-3	1-3	1-4	4-6		
L ₁ FM RF	100 MHz	—	—	79	—	—	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	—	—	0.16UEW	Toko Co., Ltd. 666SNF-305NK
L ₂ FM OSC	100 MHz	—	—	76	—	—	2	—	—	0.16UEW	Toko Co., Ltd. 666SNF-306NK
T ₁ AM OSC	796 kHz	268	—	65	19	95	—	—	—	0.05UEW	Toko Co., Ltd. 5PNR-5146Y
T ₂ AM IFT	455 kHz	—	470	60	—	—	109	—	7	0.05UEW	Toko Co., Ltd. 5PLG-5147X

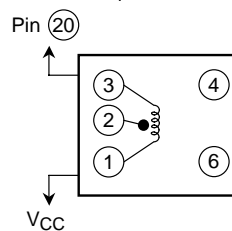
L₁: FM RF



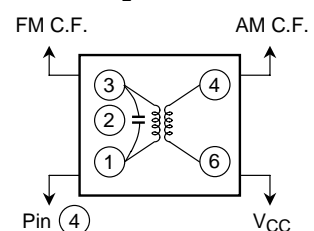
L₂: FM OSC



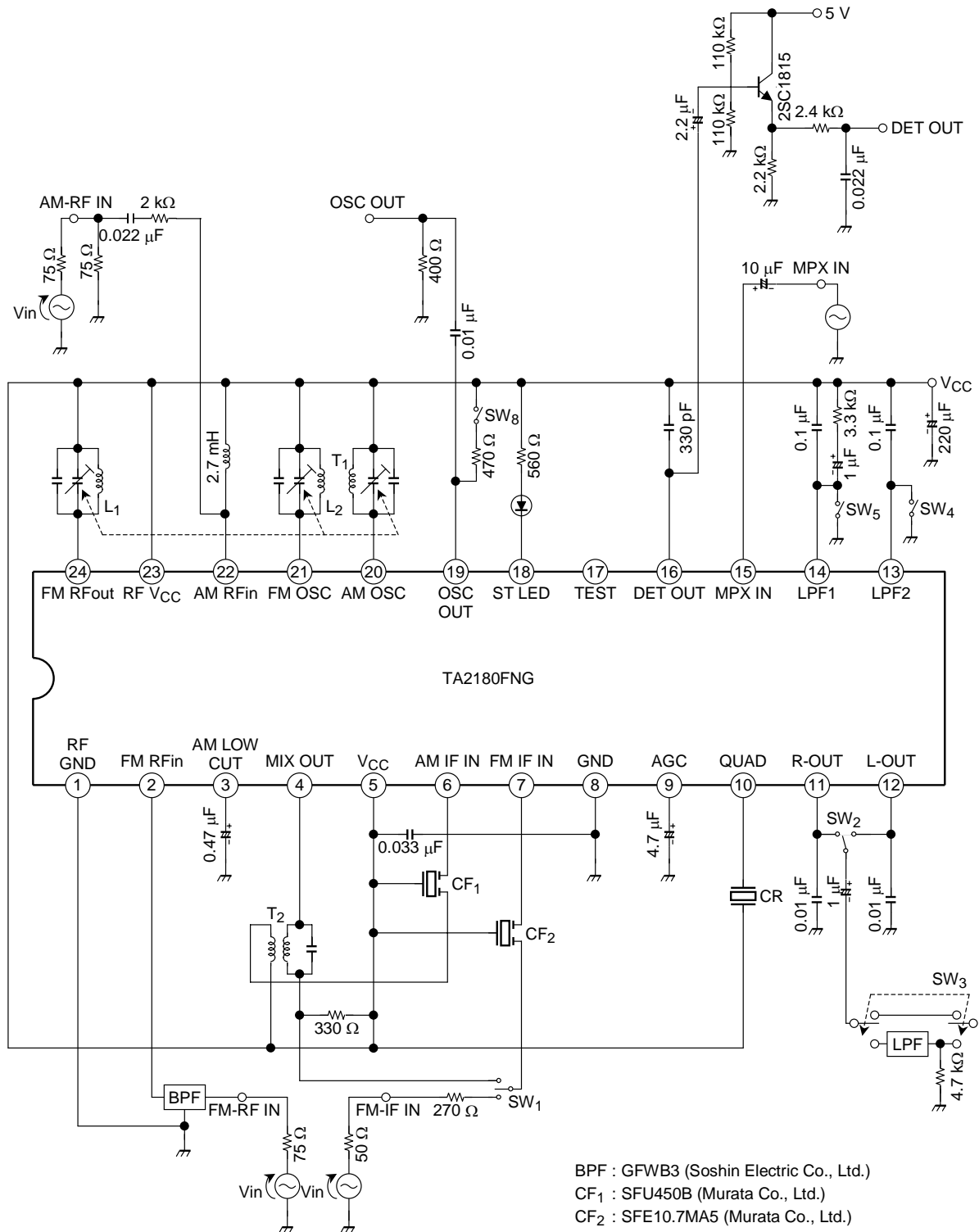
T₁: AM OSC



T₂: AM IFT



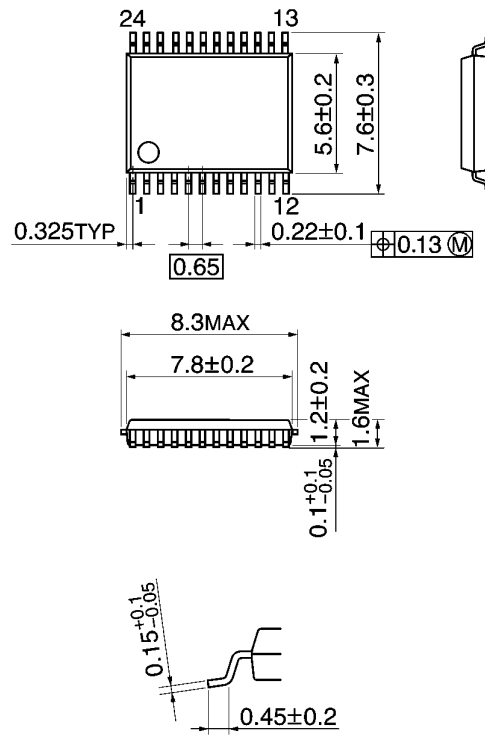
Test Circuit



Package Dimensions

P-SSOP24-300-0.65A

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.14 g (typ.)

About solderability, following conditions were confirmed

- Solderability
 - (1) Use of Sn-63Pb solder Bath
 - solder bath temperature = 230°C
 - dipping time = 5 seconds
 - the number of times = once
 - use of R-type flux
 - (2) Use of Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Bath
 - solder bath temperature = 245°C
 - dipping time = 5 seconds
 - the number of times = once
 - use of R-type flux

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